

Discussion autour d'une question controversée :  
Premières traces de vie  
avérées ?

**Kevin Lepot**

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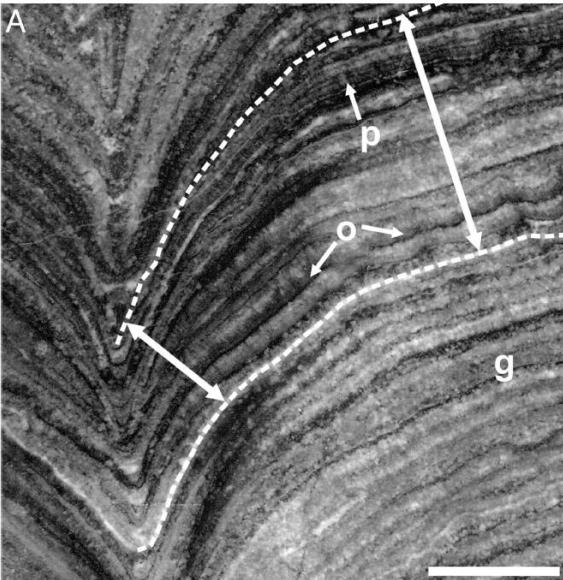
# Rocks as biosignatures = stromatolites



# Stromatolites

= laminated rocks (microbial?)

3



Allwood et al. 2009

Laminae with

- Complex morphologies
- Organic-rich (dark) laminae

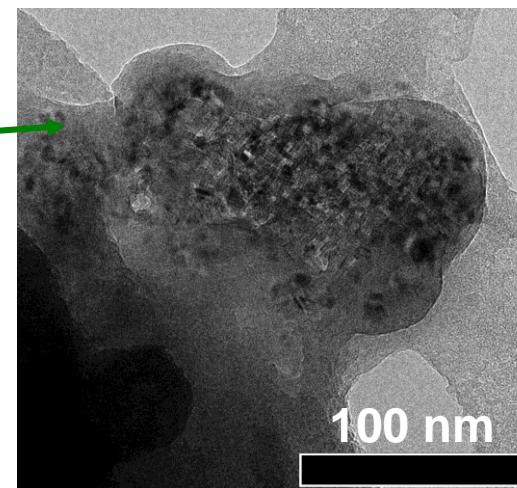
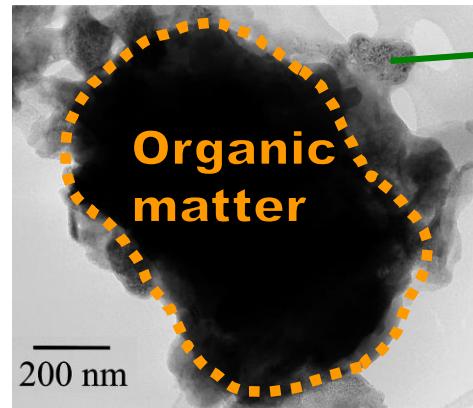
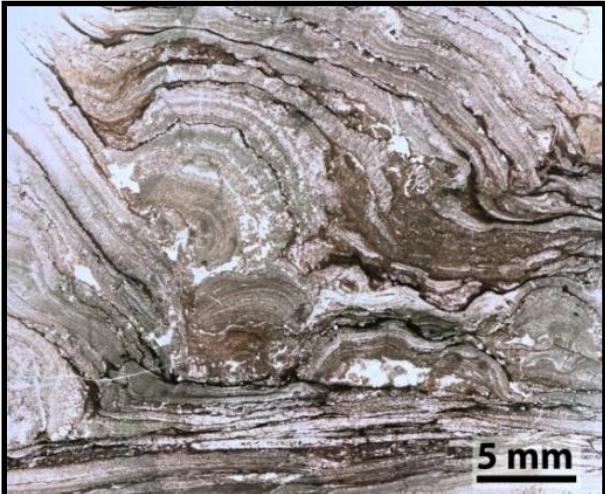
➔ Reflect growth in presence of microbial mats

modern mats



Vasconcelos et al. 06

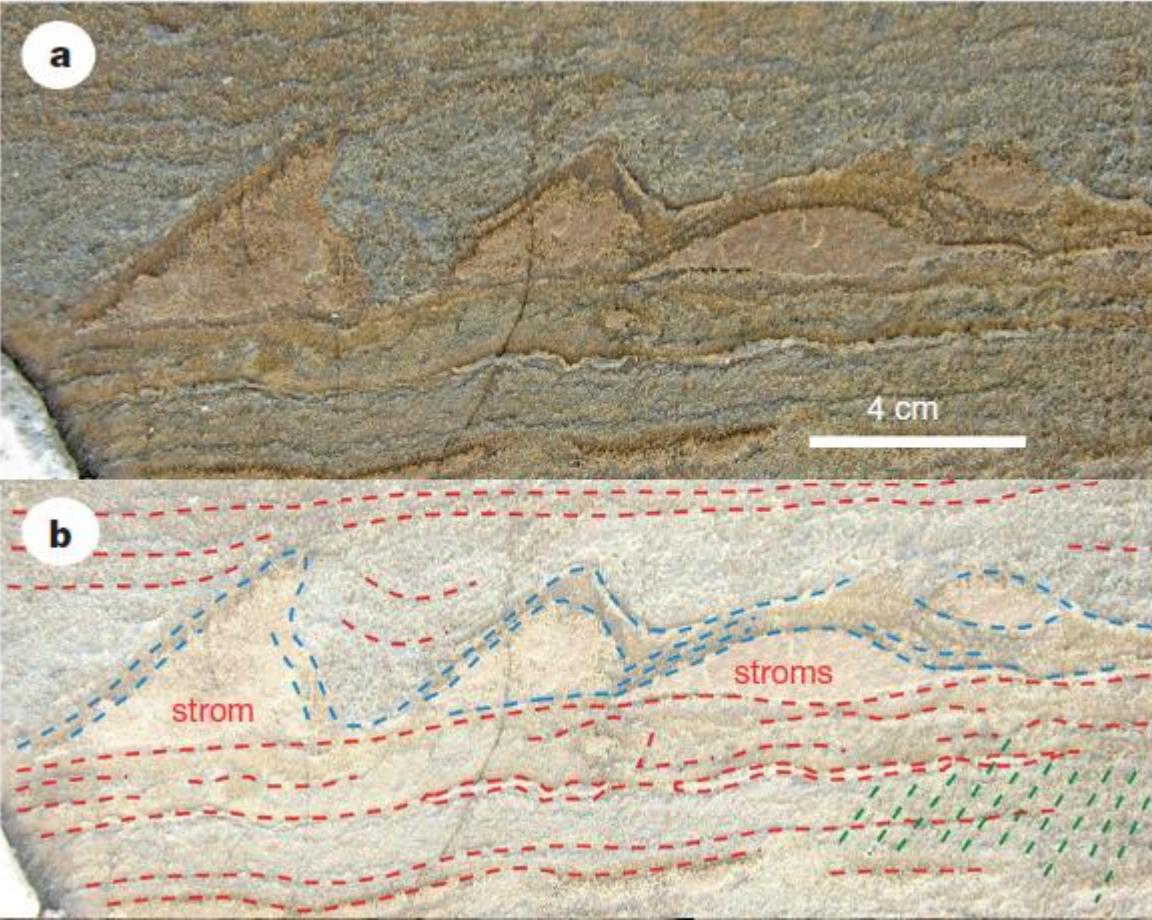
2.72 Ga



Nanocarbonates in organics  
= microbially-induced mineralization?

Lepot et al. 2008

## 3.7 Ga stromatolites?



Isua, Greenland

Nutman et al. 2016

Laminated dolomites with stromatolite-like cones/domes

Or deformation structures?

# Isotope-ratio biosignatures

# Metabolism classification

=

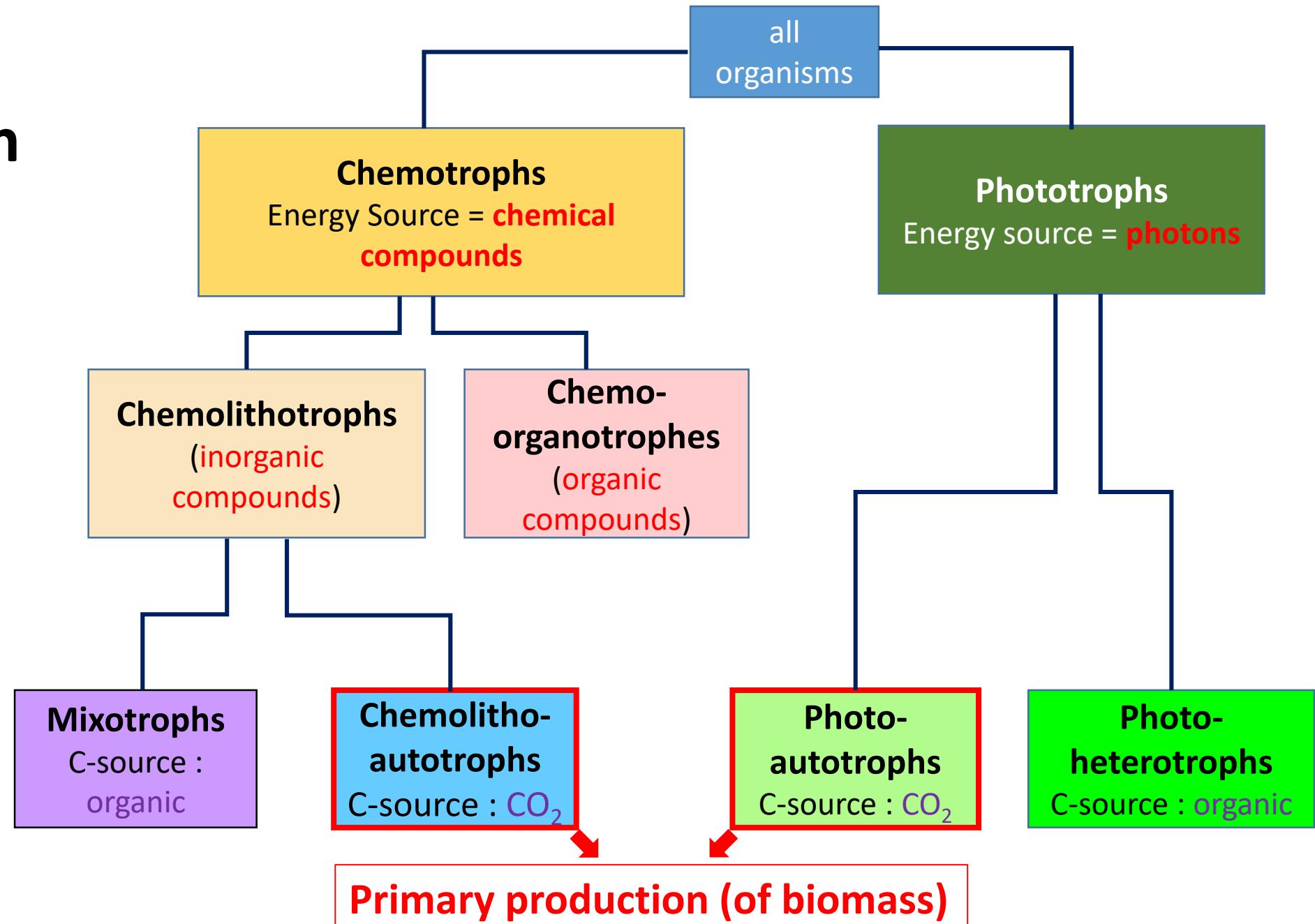
**Energy Source**

*for redox reactions*

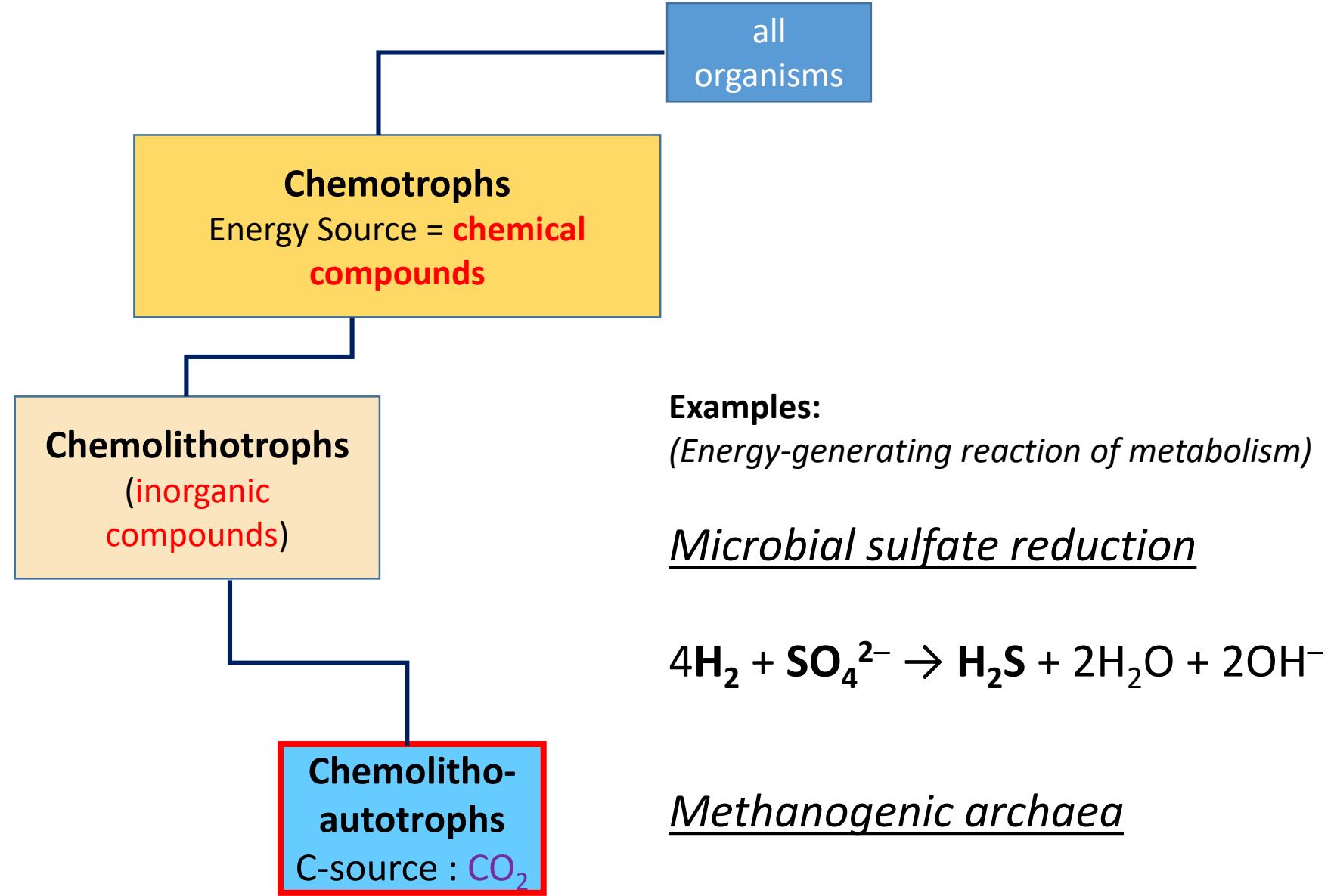
+

**Carbon Source**

*for biomass production*

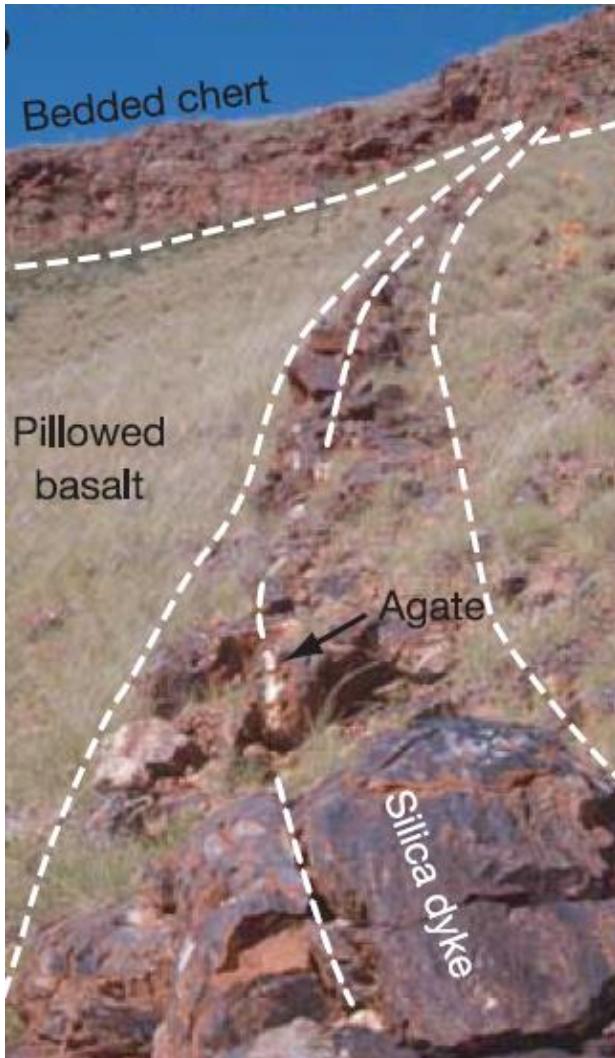


# The first primary producers?



**Phylog. Tree:**  
deepest branches of  
Bacteria & Archaea  
= anaerobic  
chemolithoautotrophs

# Methanogenesis at 3.5 Ga?



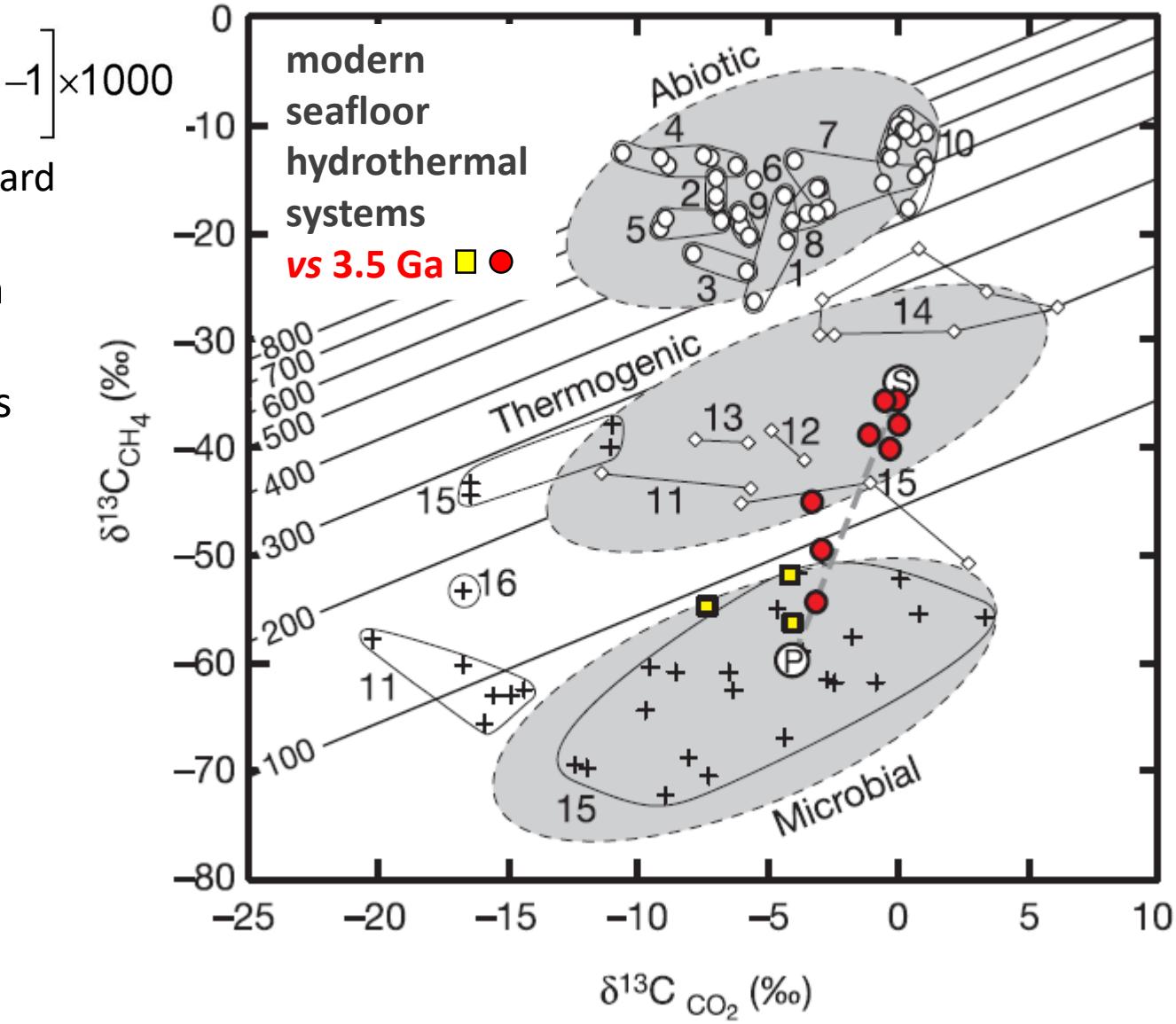
$\delta^{13}\text{C}$  of  $\text{CO}_2$  &  $\text{CH}_4$  in fluid inclusions in hydrothermal cherts



Ueno et al. 2006

$$\delta^{13}\text{C} = \left[ \frac{\text{Isotope ratio}}{\text{Isotope ratio}_{\text{ST}}} - 1 \right] \times 1000$$

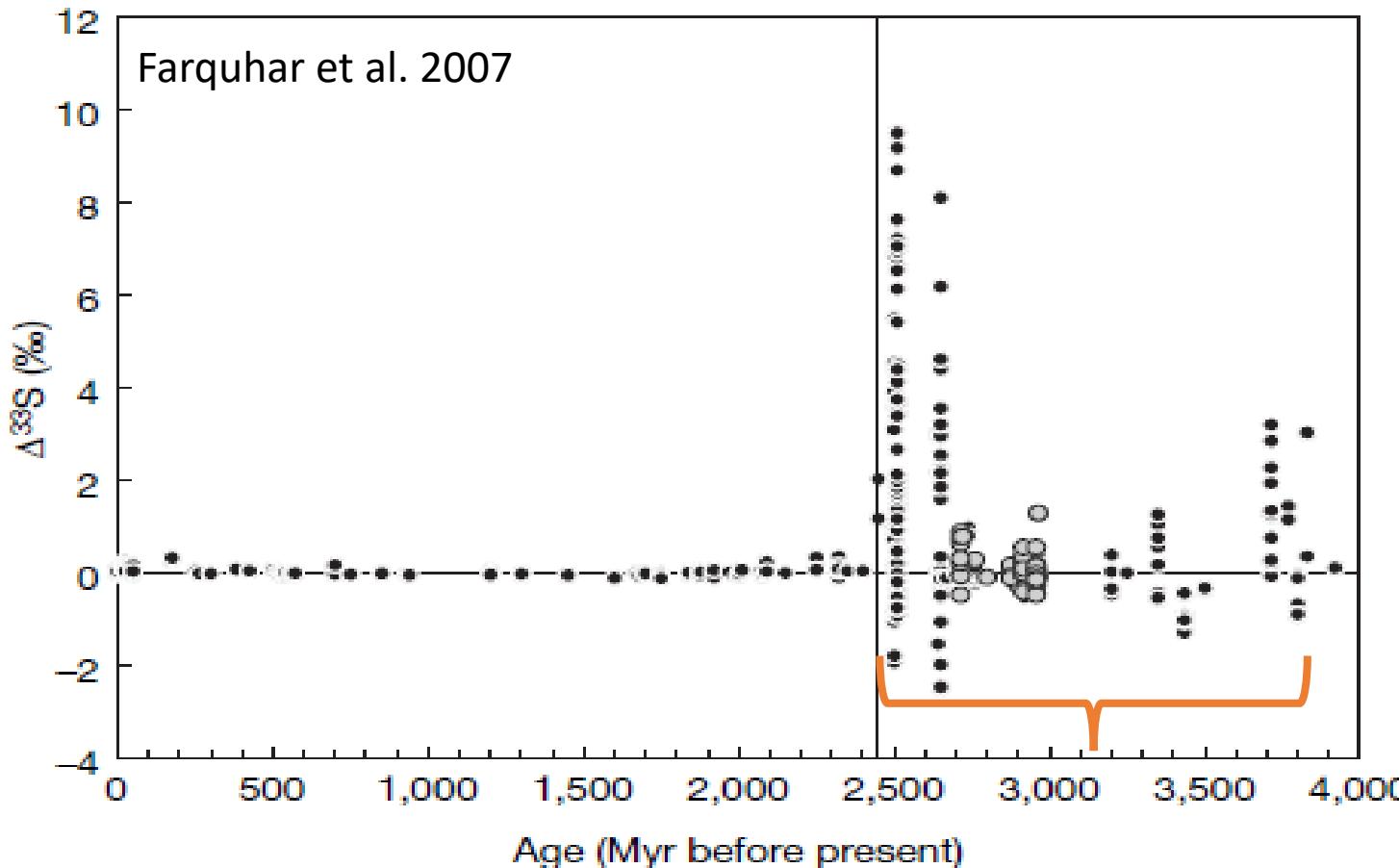
ST : standard



BUT: abiotic hydrothermal reactions may form similar  $\delta^{13}\text{C}$  values

Sherwood Lollar & McCollom 2006

# S-isotope record → ≈no atmospheric O<sub>2</sub> before 2.4 Ga



$\Delta^{33}\text{S} \neq 0$  before 2.4 Ga

formed by:



- in ozone-free atmosph.
- at very low pO<sub>2</sub> only

$$\delta^X\text{S} = 1000 \cdot [(\text{^X}\text{S}/\text{^32}\text{S})_{\text{sample}} / (\text{^X}\text{S}/\text{^32}\text{S})_{\text{std}} - 1] \quad X = 33, 34, 35$$

$\delta^{34}\text{S} = \delta^{33}\text{S} / 0.515$ : proportionnal to  $^{32}\text{S}$ - $^{33}\text{S}$  mass difference → mass-dependant fractionation

$$\Delta^{33}\text{S} = \delta^{33}\text{S} - 1000 \times \left[ \left\{ 1 + \frac{\delta^{34}\text{S}}{1000} \right\}^{0.515} - 1 \right] \neq 0 \rightarrow \text{mass-independant fractionation}$$

# $\Delta^{33}\text{S}$ - $\Delta^{36}\text{S}$ trend $\rightarrow$ microbial $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$ reduction @ 3.5 Ga

$$\boxed{\Delta^{33}\text{S}} = \delta^{33}\text{S} - 1000 \times \left[ \left\{ 1 + \frac{\delta^{34}\text{S}}{1000} \right\}^{0.515} - 1 \right]$$

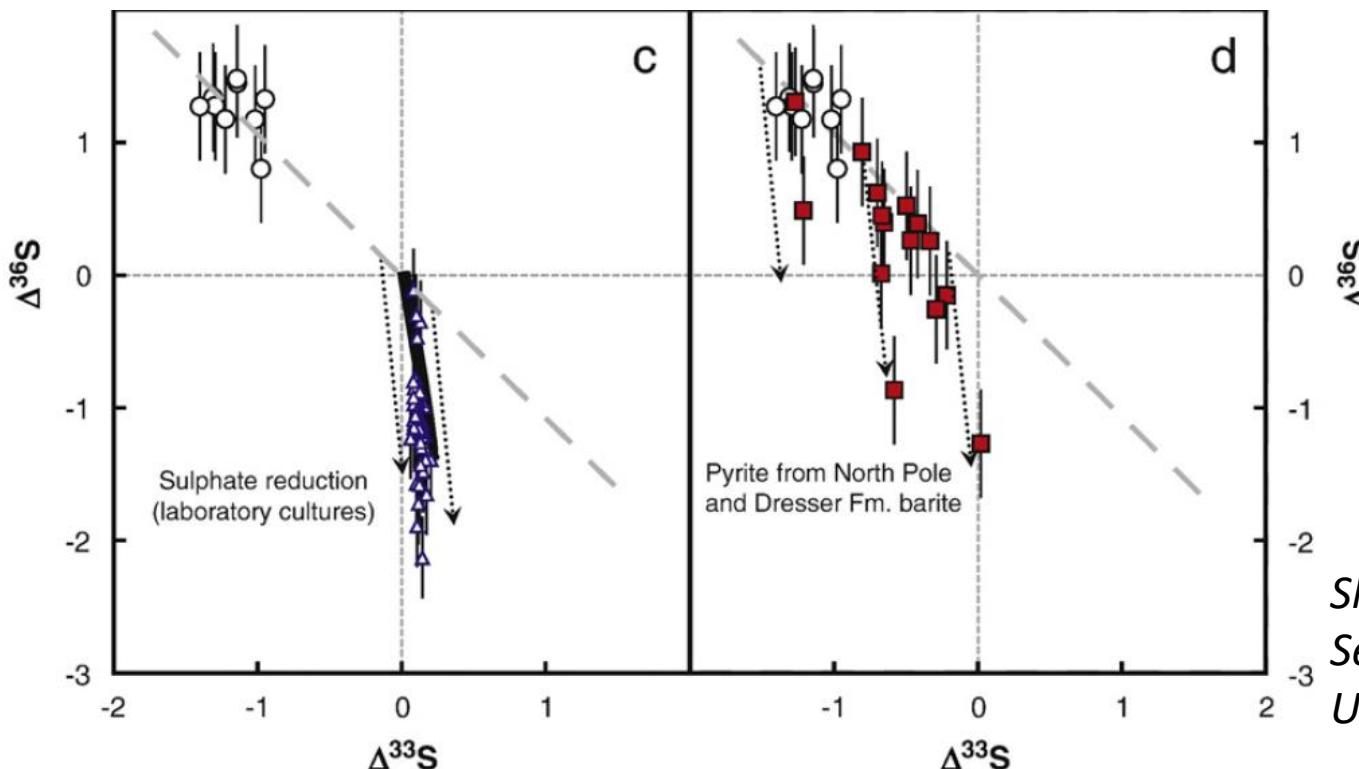
and

$$\boxed{\Delta^{36}\text{S}} = \delta^{36}\text{S} - 1000 \times \left[ \left\{ 1 + \frac{\delta^{34}\text{S}}{1000} \right\}^{1.90} - 1 \right].$$

Metabolism:

$\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  + orga  
and/or  $\text{H}_2 \pm \text{CO}_2$

$\rightarrow \text{HS}^-$  + biomass



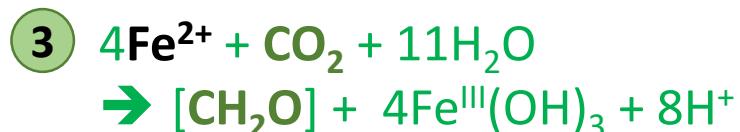
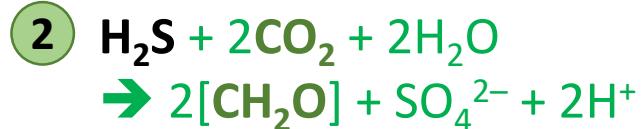
Shen et al. 2009  
See also  
Ueno et al. 2009

# Photosynthetic primary production in the Archean?

Bacterial domain of the phylogenetic tree



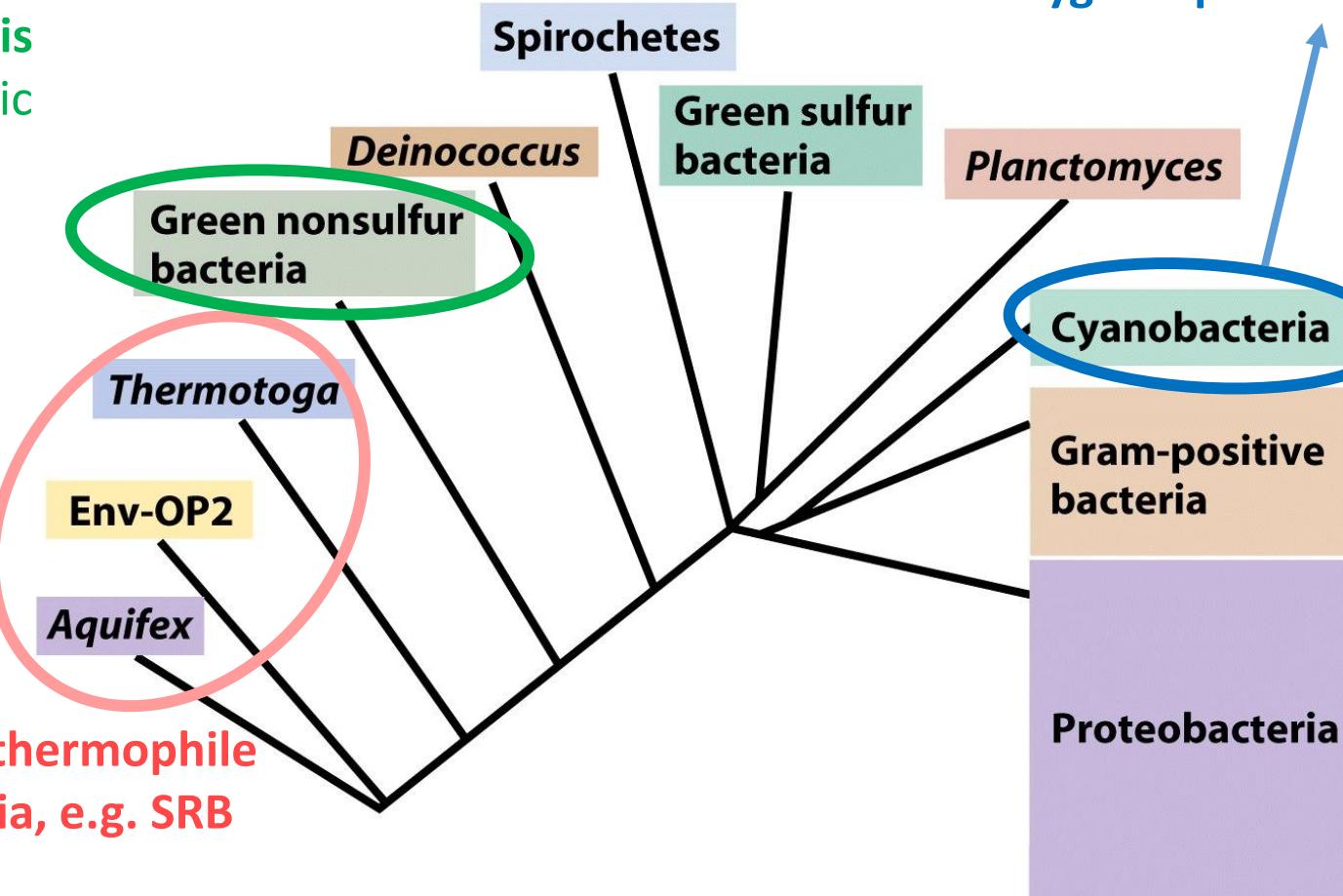
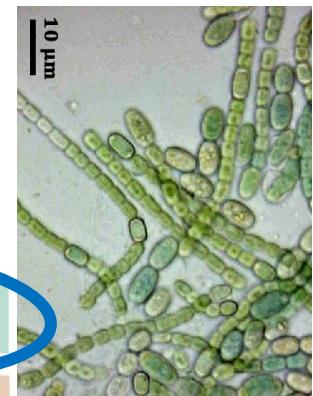
Anoxygenic photosynthesis  
→ Before oxygenic



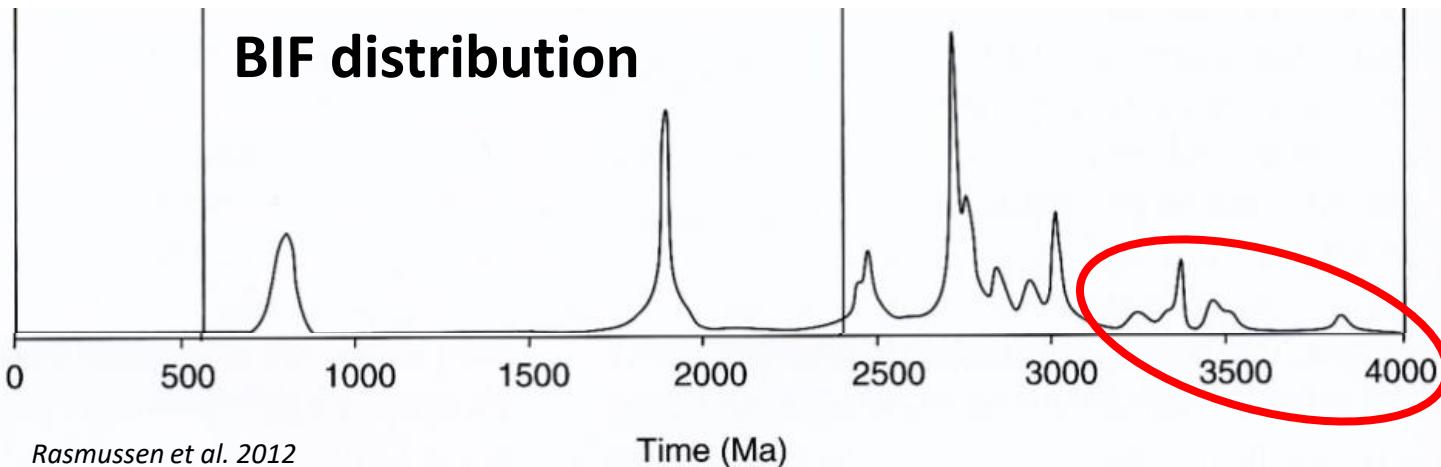
Hyperthermophile bacteria, e.g. SRB

Figure 2-9 Brock Biology of Microorganisms 11/e  
© 2006 Pearson Prentice Hall, Inc.

Oxygenic photosynthesis



# Anoxygenic photosynthesis in the early Archean?



Chert + Fe-oxides BIF



## Banded Iron Formations

Origin of  $\text{Fe}^{3+}$  in oxides ?



anoxygenic photosynth ?

B Oxidation of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  by/using  $\text{O}_2 / \text{NO}_{2/3}^-$  ?

C Late (<2.7 Ga?) oxidation by meteoric  $\text{O}_2$  ?

# Fe isotopes

$$\delta_j^i Fe = \left[ \frac{^{i\text{Fe}}/^{j\text{Fe}}}{^{i\text{Fe}}/^{j\text{Fe}_{ST}}} - 1 \right] \times 1000$$

$i = 56, 57, 58$

$j = 54$

- 1)  $\delta^{56}\text{Fe} +1.5$  to  $+2.6\text{\textperthousand}$   
→ Primary oxidation of small fraction of  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$ -reservoir

- 2) Low [U] → reduced environment



3.46 Ga Marble Bar BIF



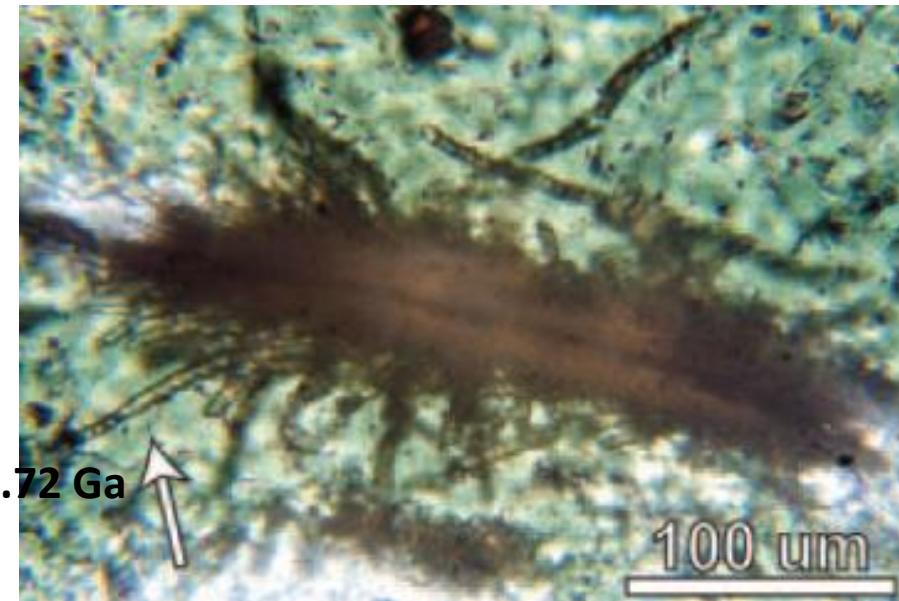
**Suggest Fe-oxidation by anoxygenic photosynthesis, not  $\text{O}_2$ , @ 3.46 Ga**

*Li et al. 2013 GCA*

# Mineral $\mu$ -structures = biosignatures?

- Microbial dissolution borings?
- Molds of microfossils?
- Abiotic?

**Endolithic microtubes  
formed by dissolution of  
basaltic glass ?**



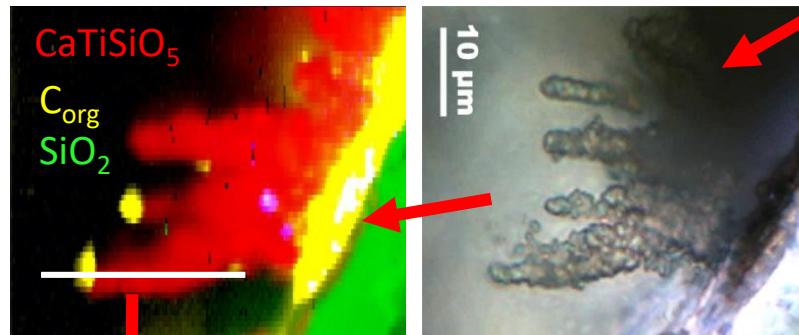
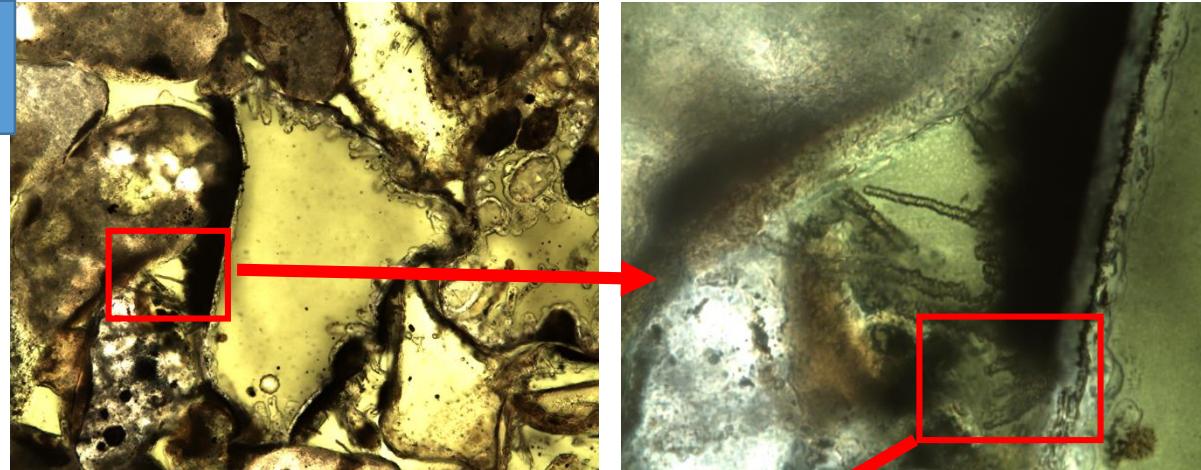
$\text{CaTiSiO}_5$  tubes ~3.5 Ga

*Furnes et al. 2004*

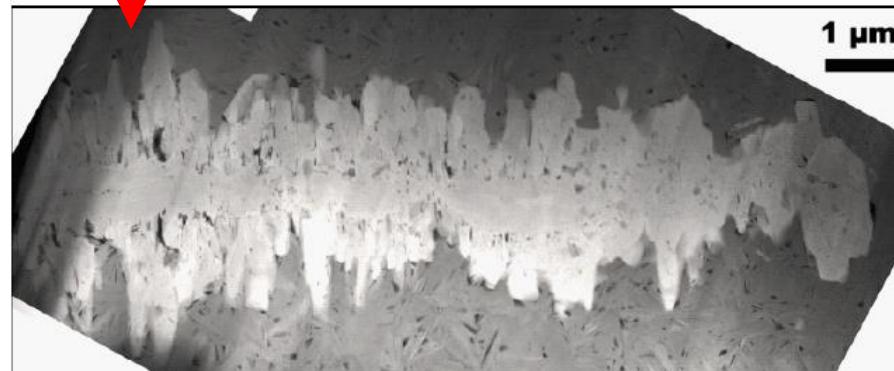
Metamorphic mineral!

**versus**

**Metamorphic dendrites formed in (crystalline) cements**

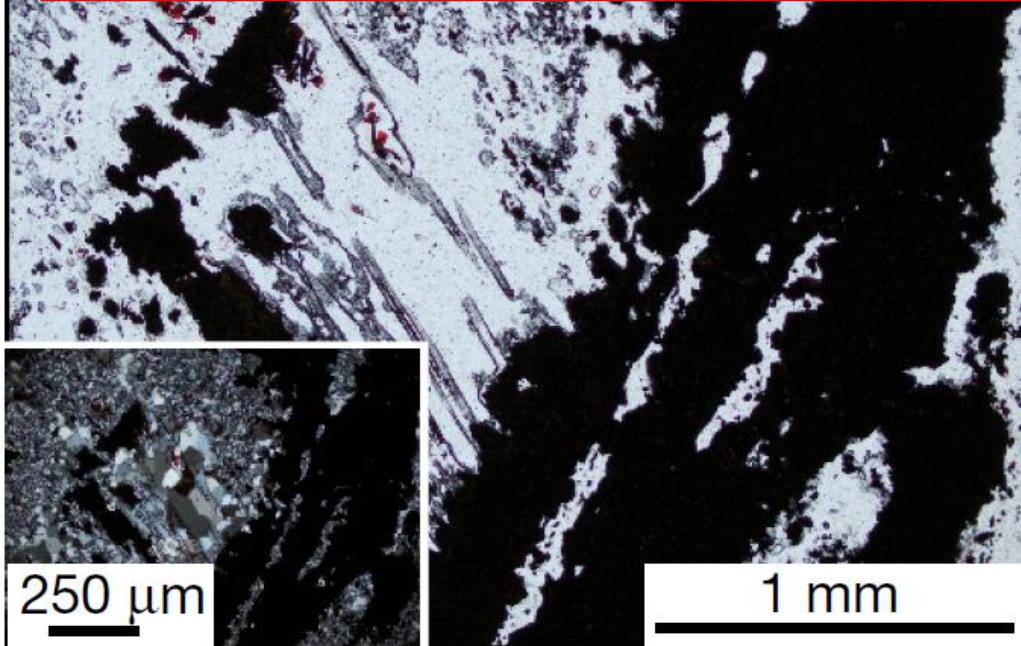


*Lepot et al. 2011*



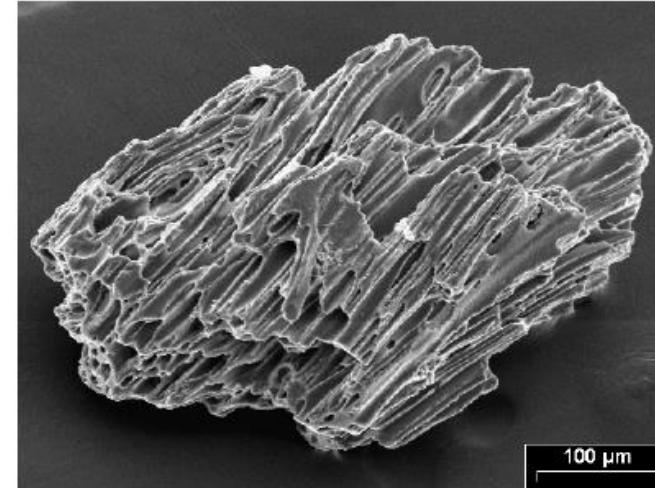
*Lepot et al. 2009, 2011*

# The oldest microfossils (>3.77 Ga) ?

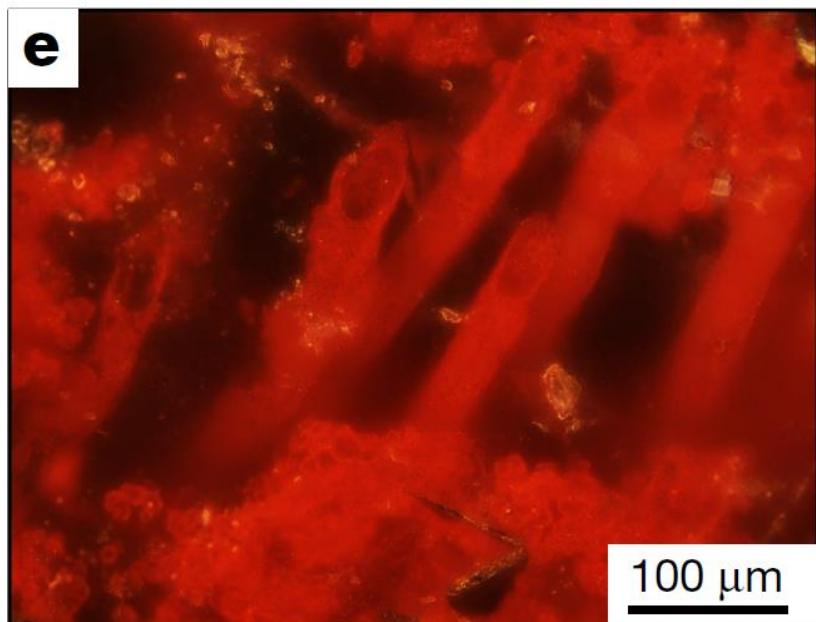


versus

# Volcanic textures ?



Daga et al. (pipe vesicles)  
in volcanic ash



Dodd et al. 2017

Fe-oxide microtubes

No carbon relic!

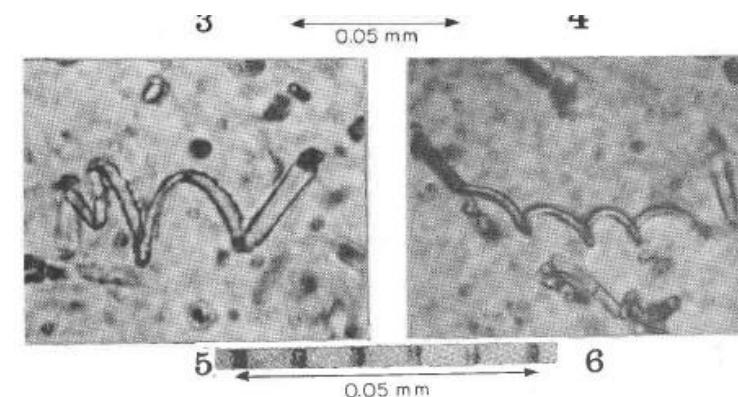
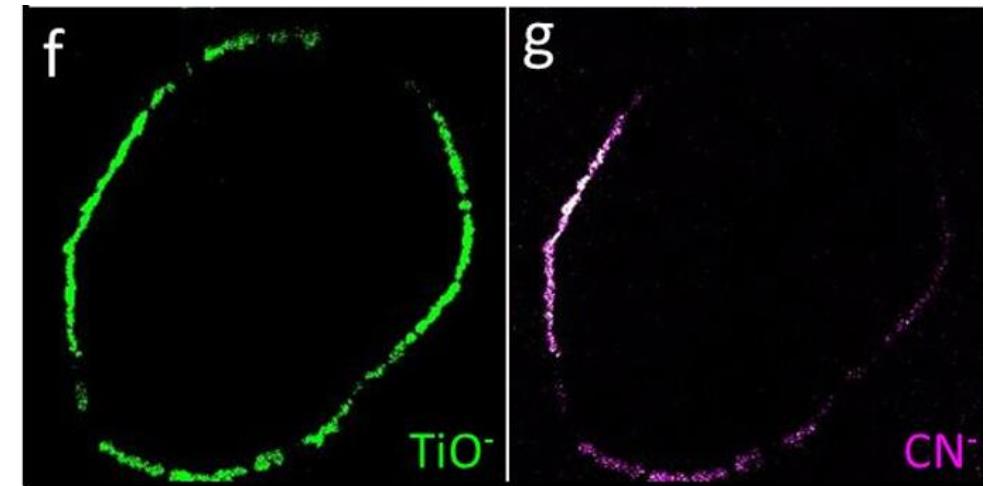
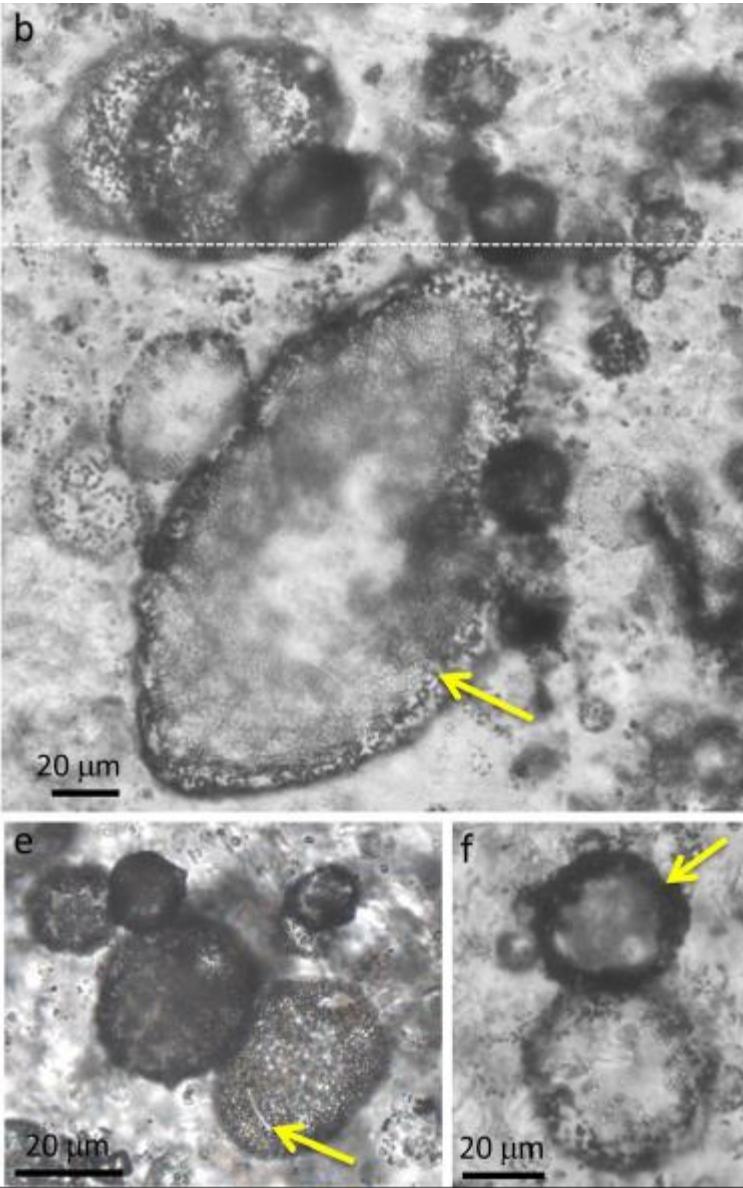
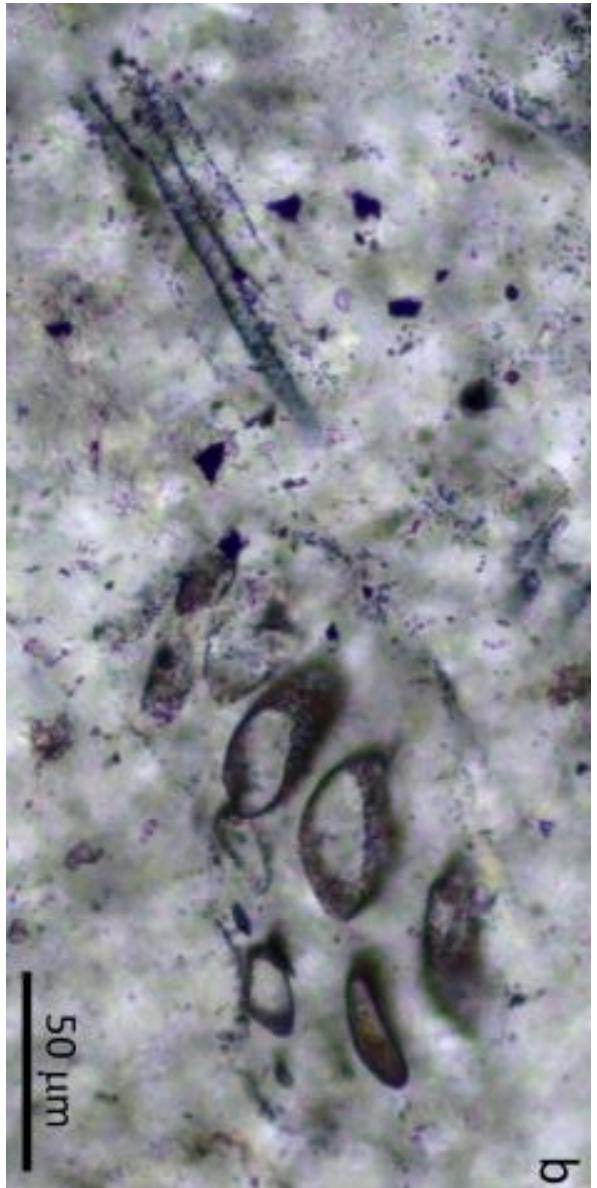


FIG. 3. Sanidine and amphibole microlites.

Ross et al. 1962  
(microlithes)

# $\sim$ 3.4 Ga microfossils re-evaluated as magmatic vesicles



Some coated with organic carbon!

→ Mimic microfossils!

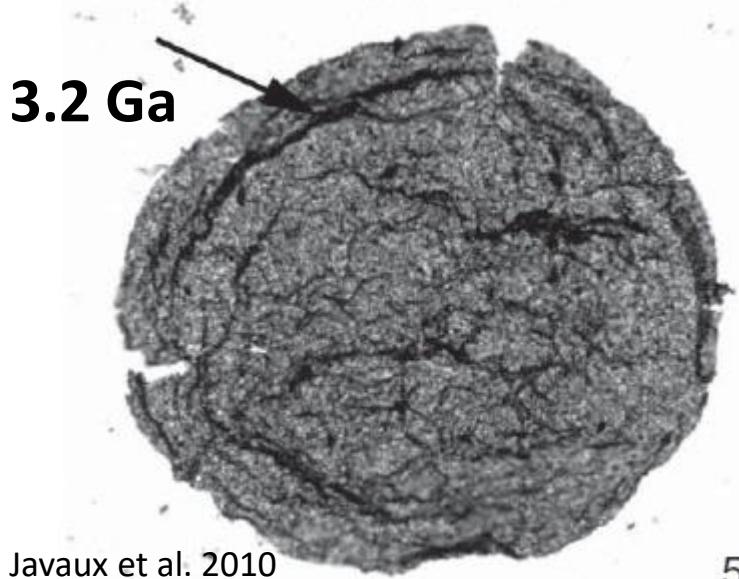
# Organic $\mu$ -structures = cellular microfossils ?



**1.88 Ga « Gunflint » microfossils**

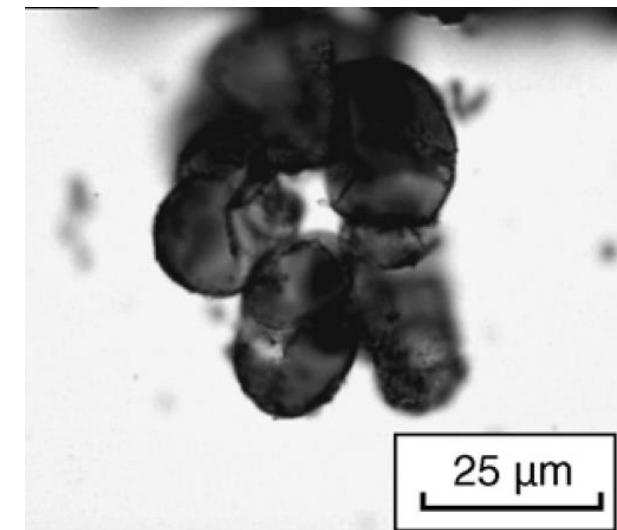
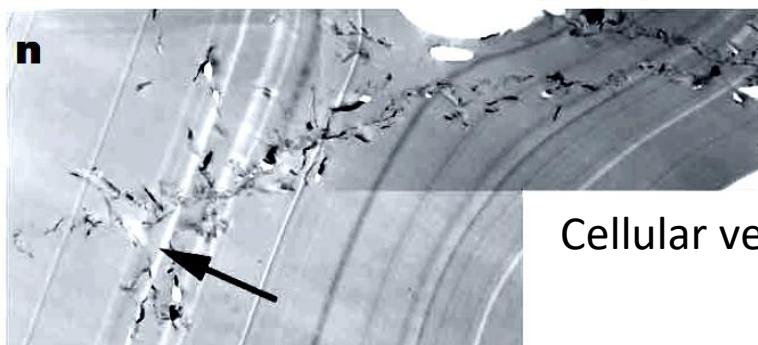
Cyanobacteria? (Lepot et al. 2017)

# Archean (2.5 – 4 Ga) microfossils



Javaux et al. 2010

- eukaryote ?
- giant bacteria?
- enveloppe of « colonial » bacterial?



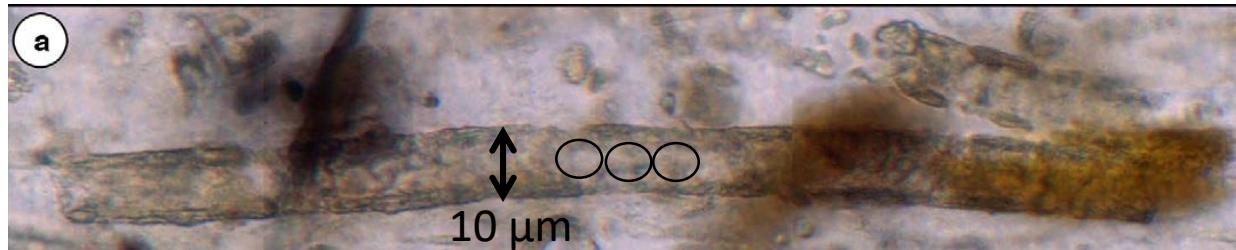
3 Ga

Grey et al. 2009

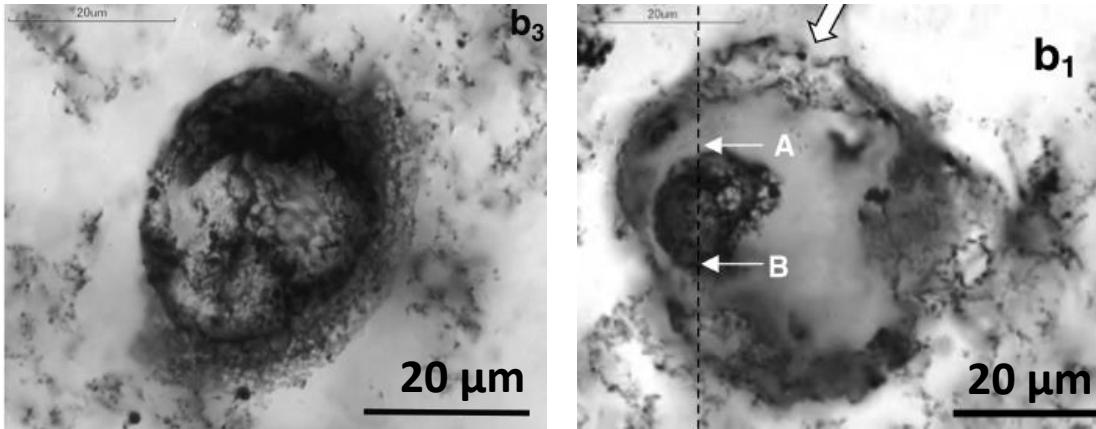
Cellular vesicle demonstrated in section

2.5 Ga

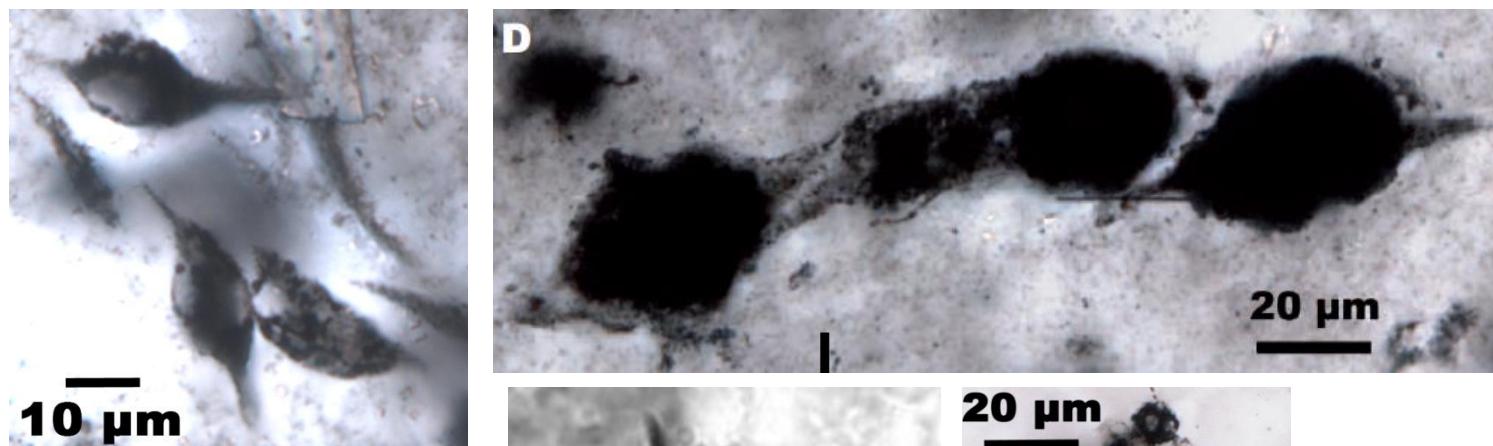
Klein et al. 1981



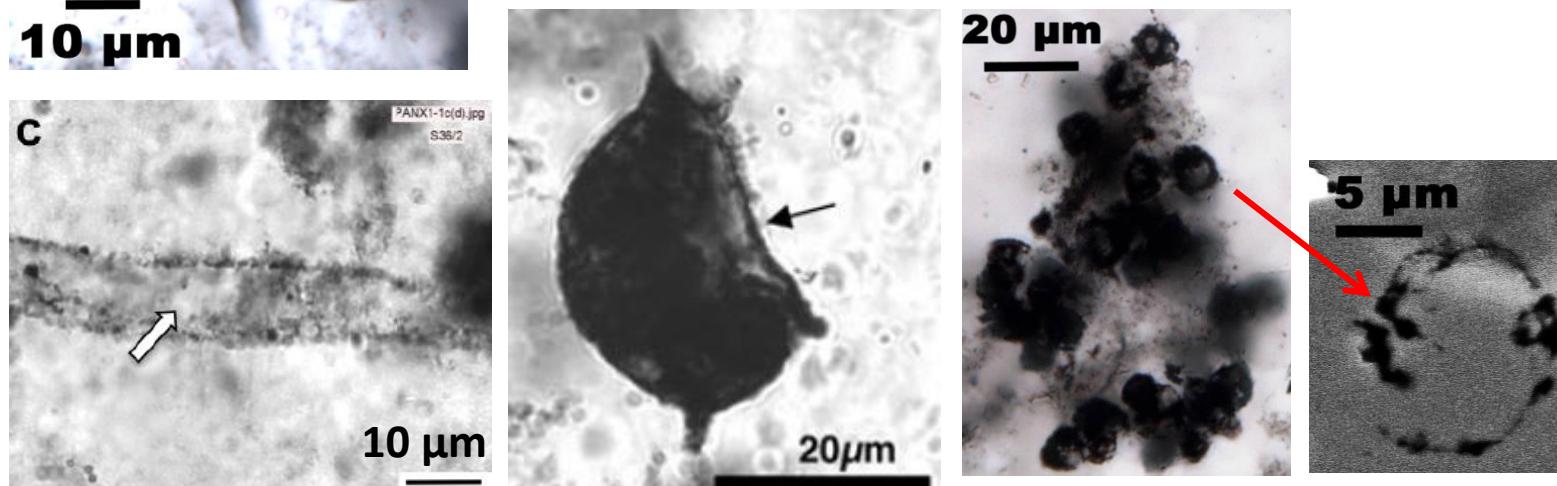
# Unidentified Archean microfossils



Sugitani et al.  
2009  
**3.0 Ga**



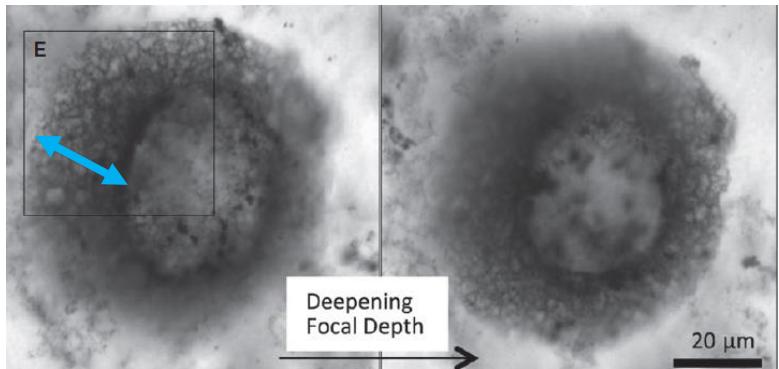
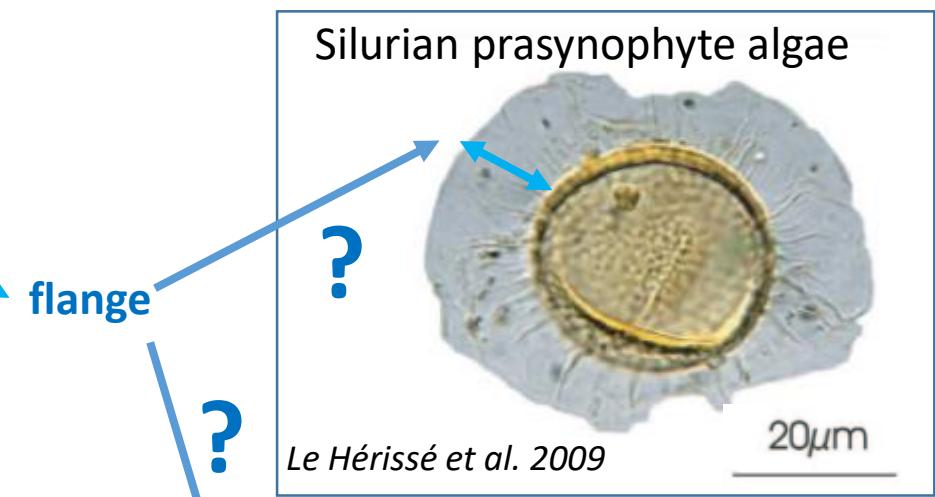
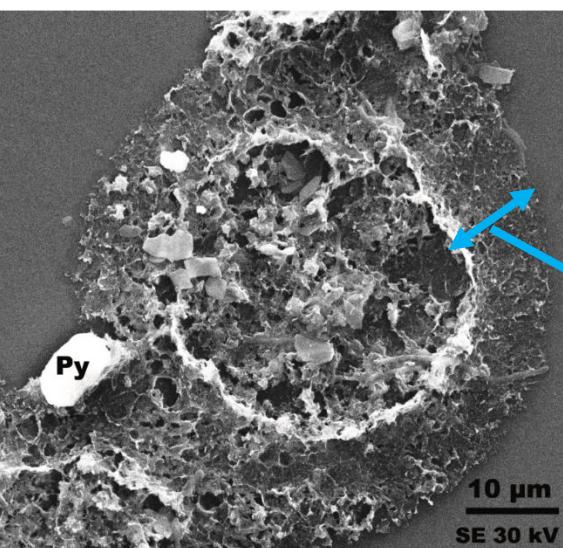
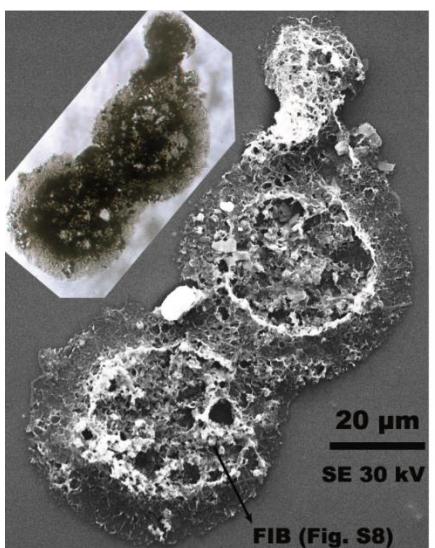
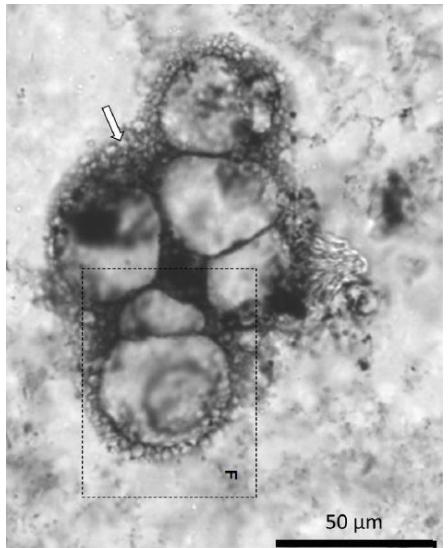
**3.4 Ga**  
Strelley Pool Formation



Sugitani et al. 2010;  
2012, 2015, 2018  
Lepot et al. 2013

3.4 Ga

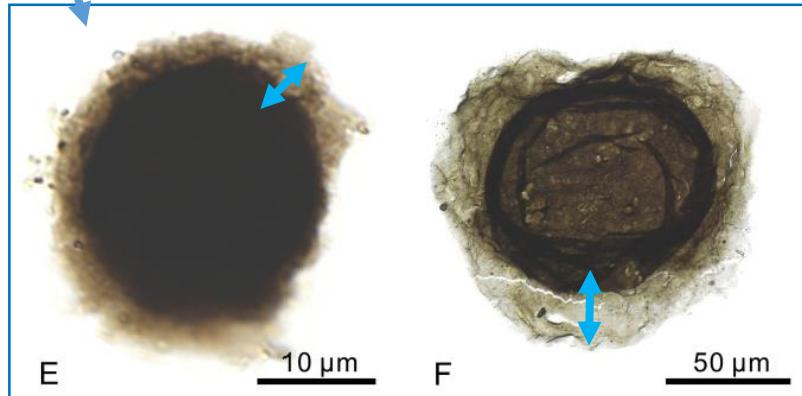
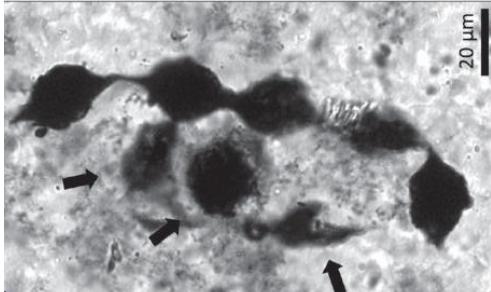
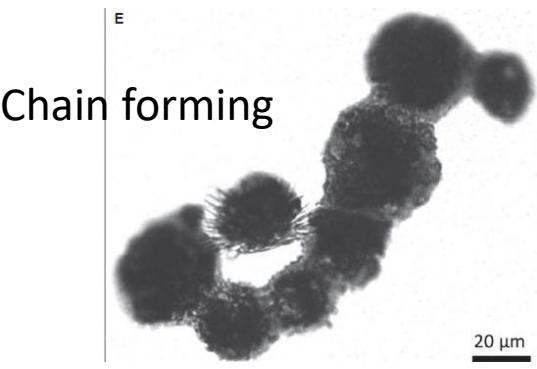
# Lenticular microfossils with equatorial flange



Apparent cell wall structure

## Strelley Pool Formation

Sugitani et al. 2015a, 2015b

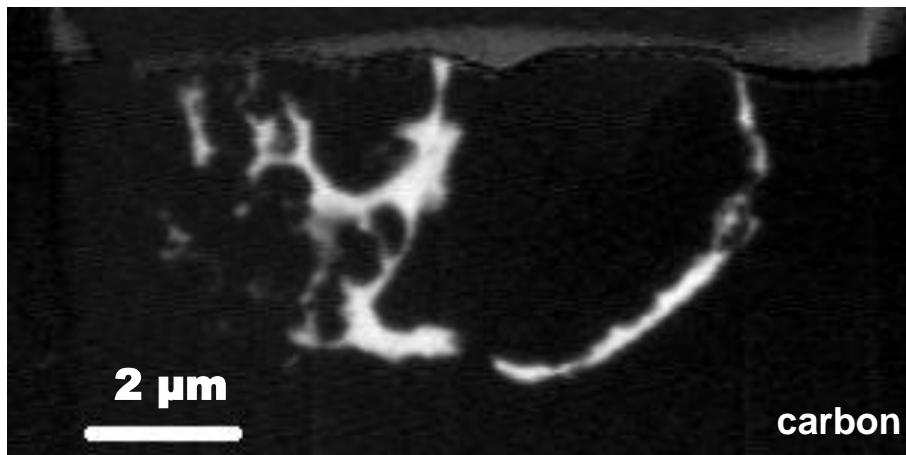
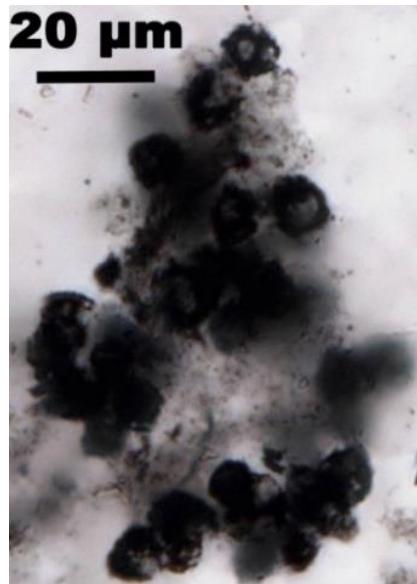
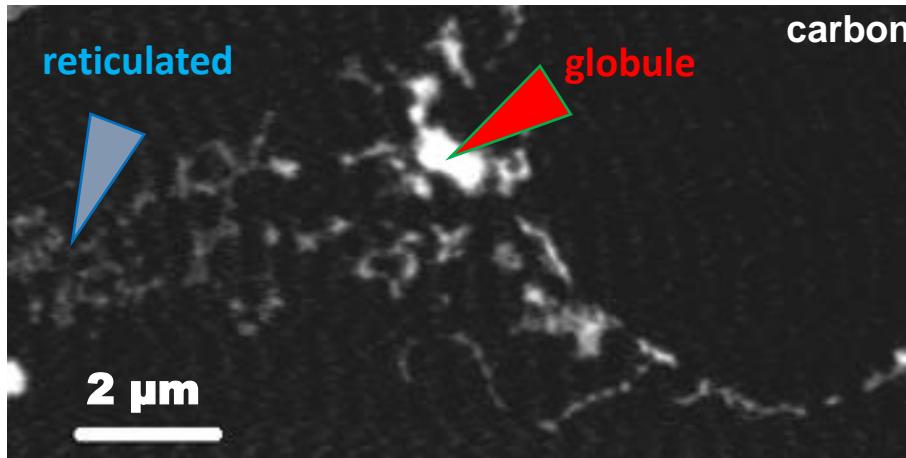
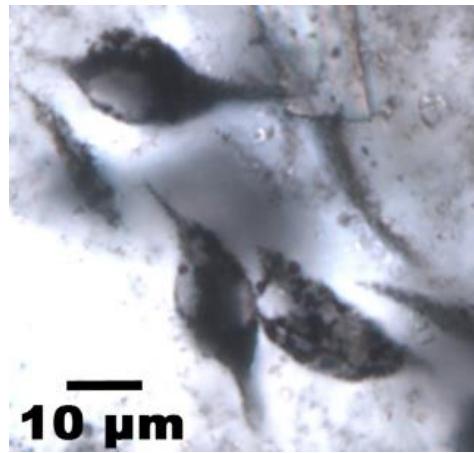


900—750 Ma Microfossils

Tang et al. 2013

# Heterogenous molecule $\mu$ -reservoirs in 3.4 Ga cells?

Strelley  
Pool  
Formation



Support selective preservation of specific biomolecules in microfossils

## Lenses:

- Reticulated organics  
 $\delta^{13}\text{C} = -32 \text{ ‰}$   
→ polysaccharides?
- globules down to - 40 ‰  
→ lipids?

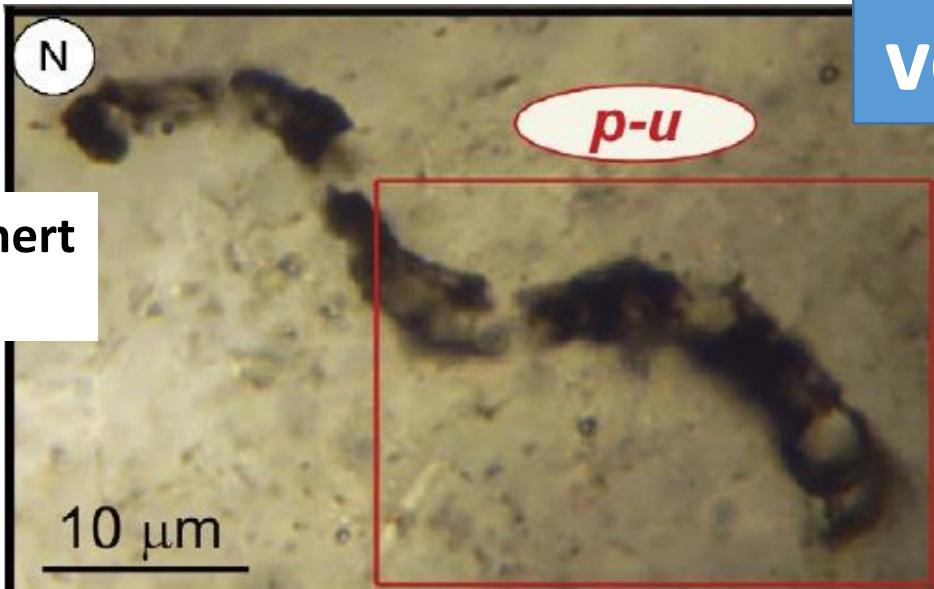
## Spheres:

- thick capsule:  
polysaccharides?  
 $\delta^{13}\text{C} = -36 \text{ ‰}$   
→ different metabolism?

# The oldest organic microfossils?

Apex Chert  
3.46 Ga

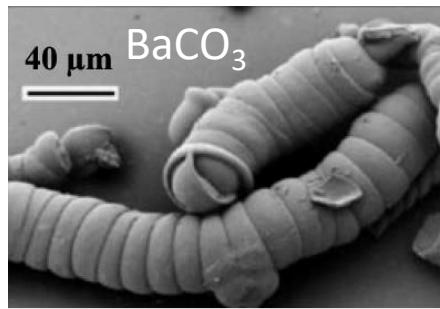
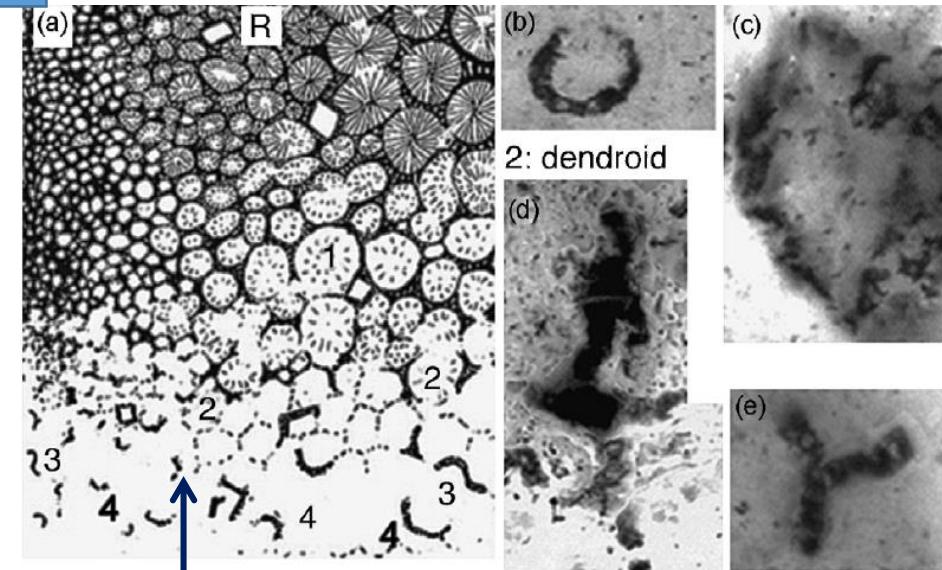
Schopf  
et al.  
2009



## versus

# cell-like organic coatings?

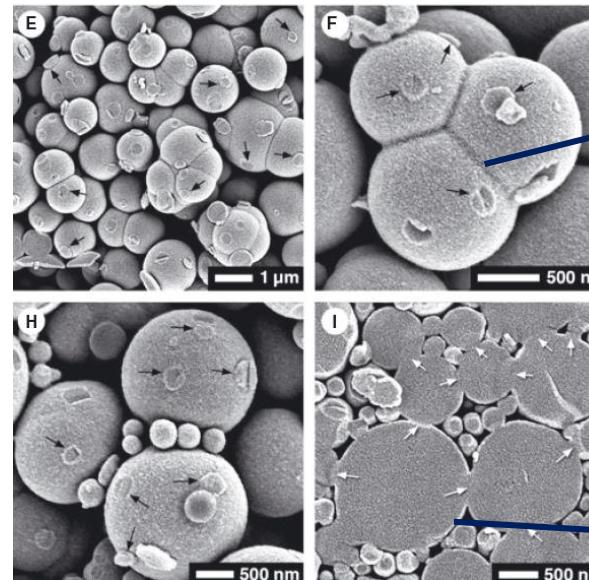
Other cell-like forms in the same rock:  
Brasier et al. 2005



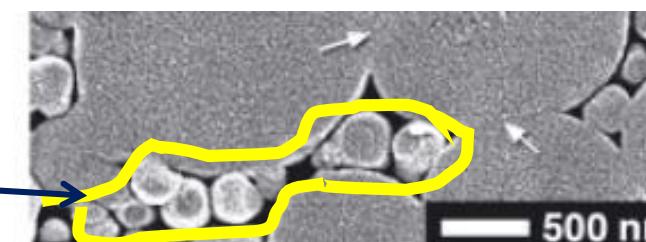
Garcia-Ruiz 03

Opal  
(abiotic SiO<sub>2</sub>)

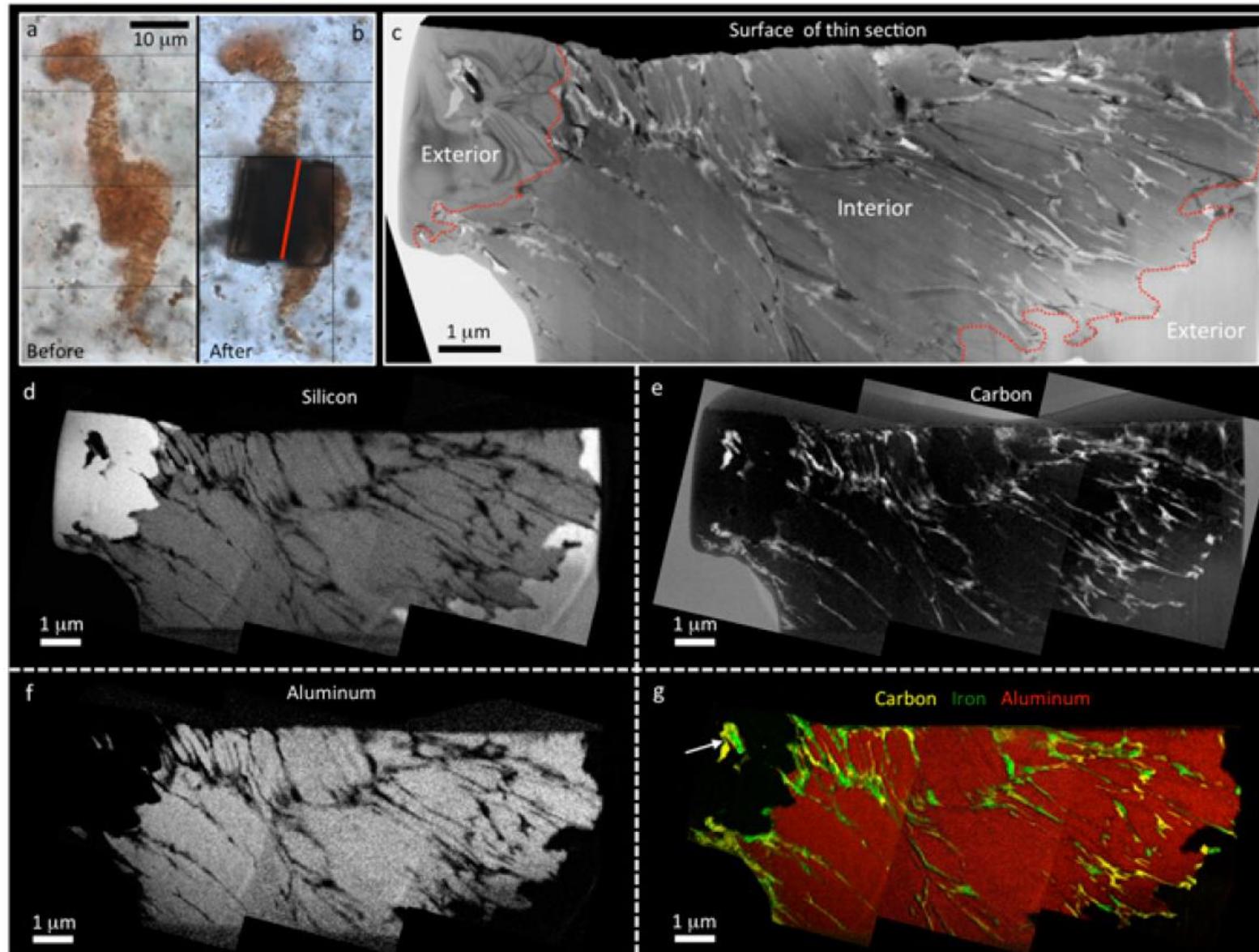
Jones & Renault 07



Opal coated by organic matter  
(3.5 Ga)  
Buick 1990



# Apex (3.46 Ga) microfossils? in chert



= vermiciform  
micas  
interlayered with  
bitumen?

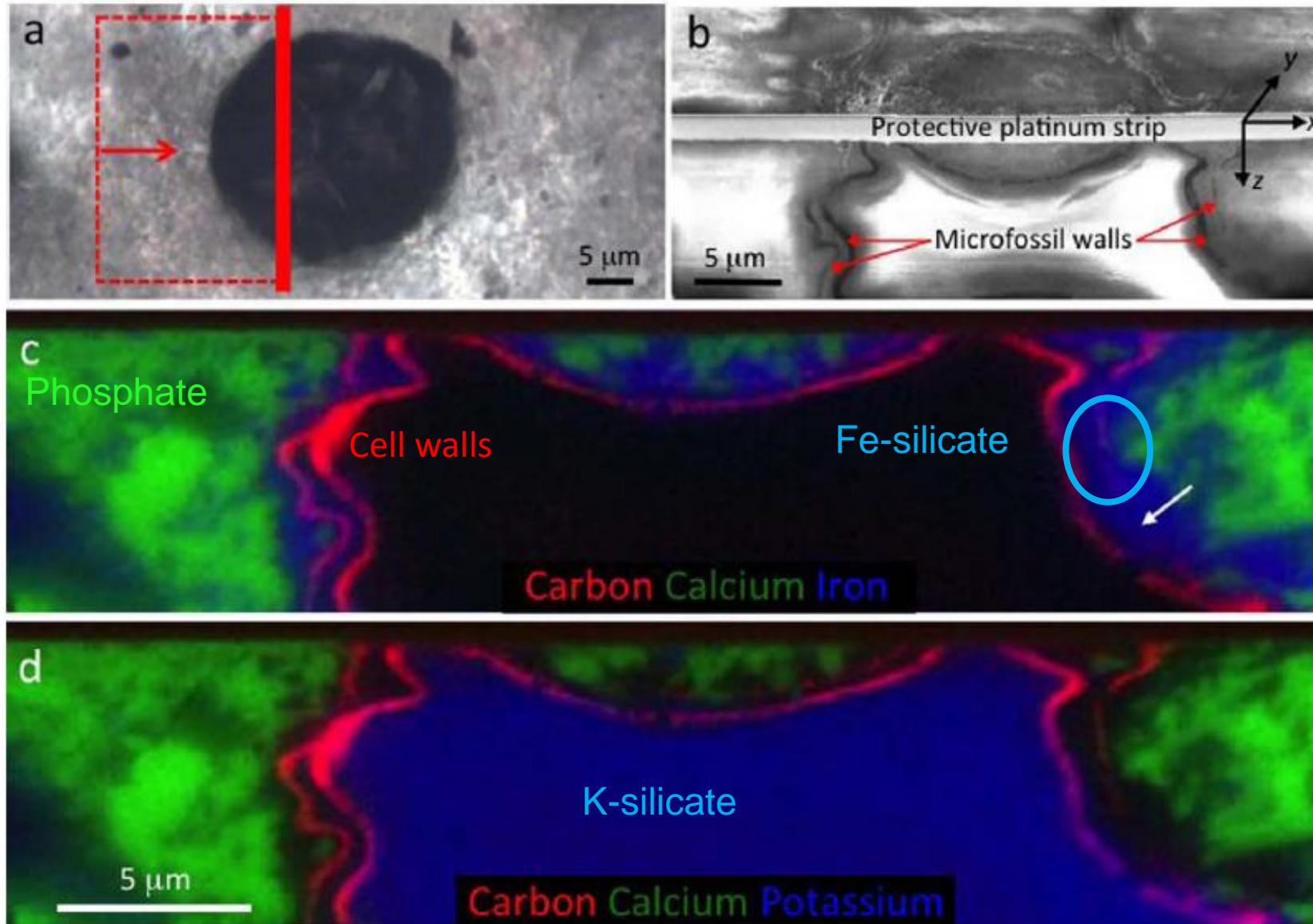
Brasier et al. 2015

or =

true microfossils with  
internal fossilization by clays  
(see next slide)

+ local redistribution of  
organic matter ?

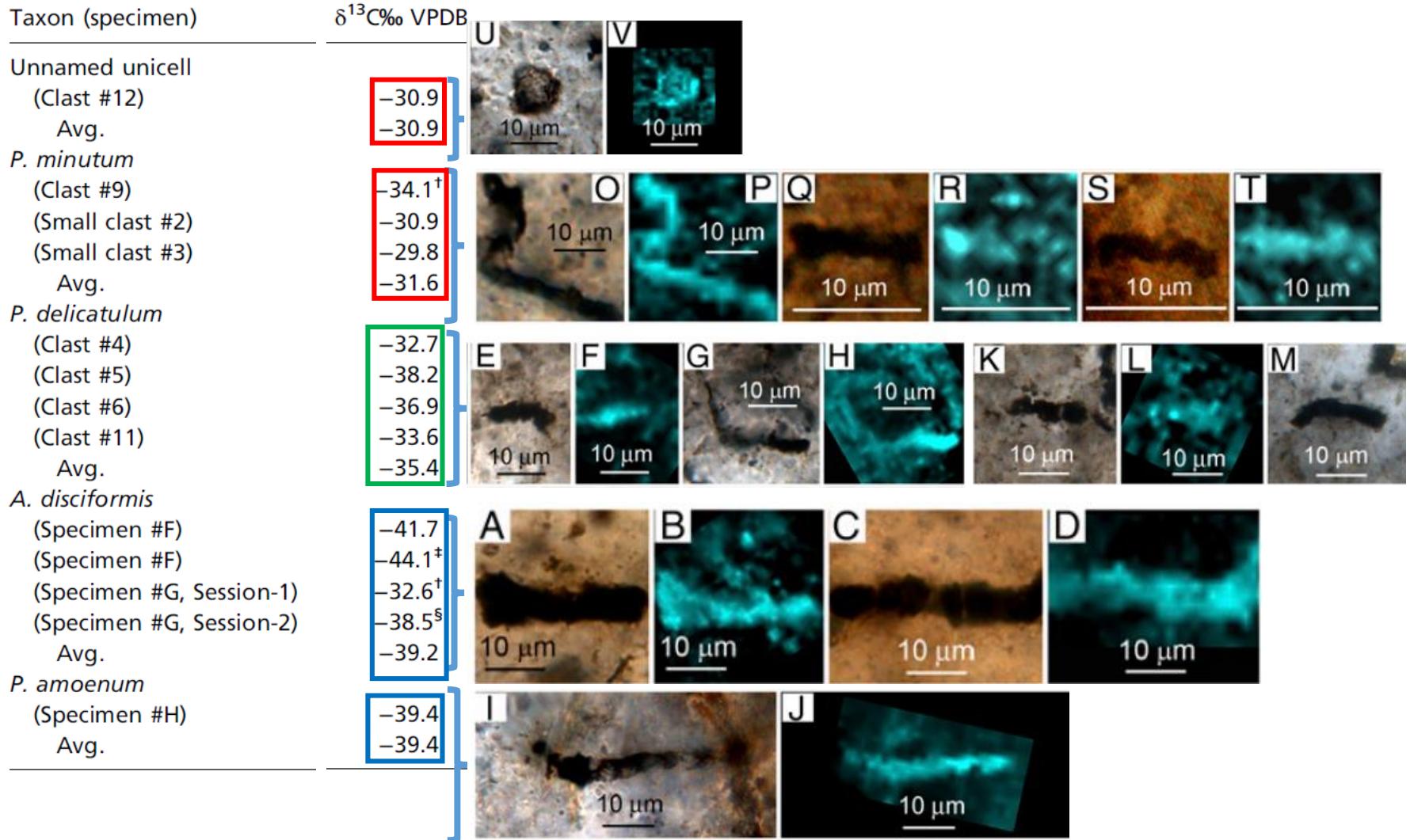
# Post-mortem clays in true microfossils!



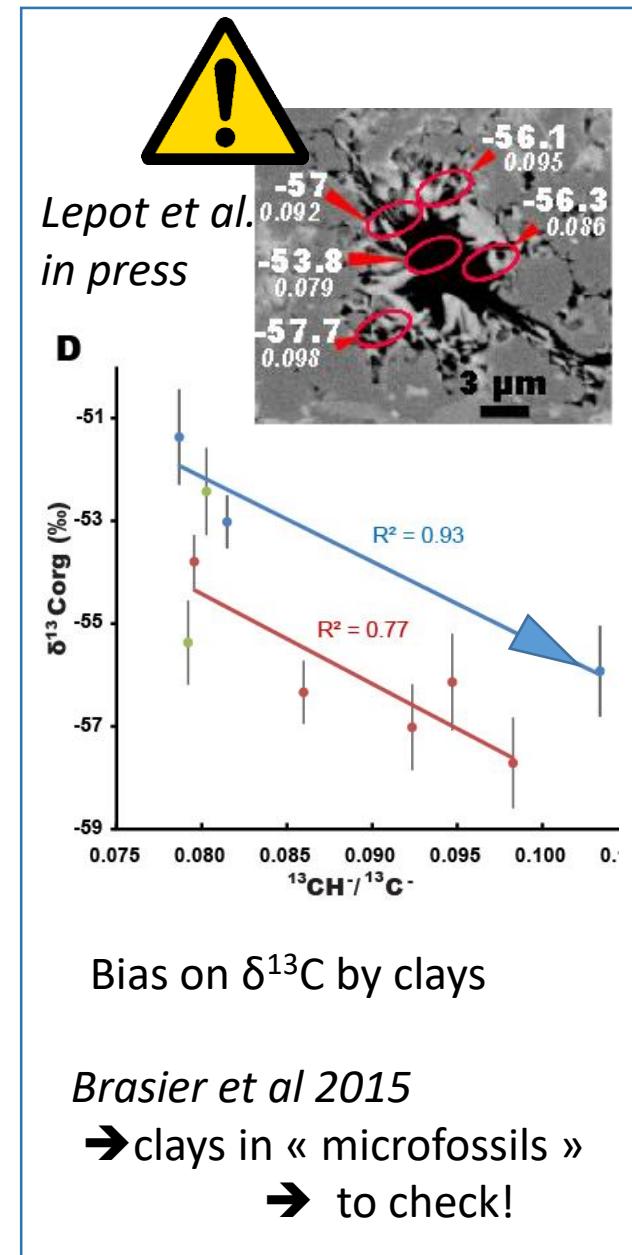
1 Ga  
microfossils

Wacey et al.  
2014

# Morphospecies-correlated C-isotope composition in Apex chert ‘microfossils’



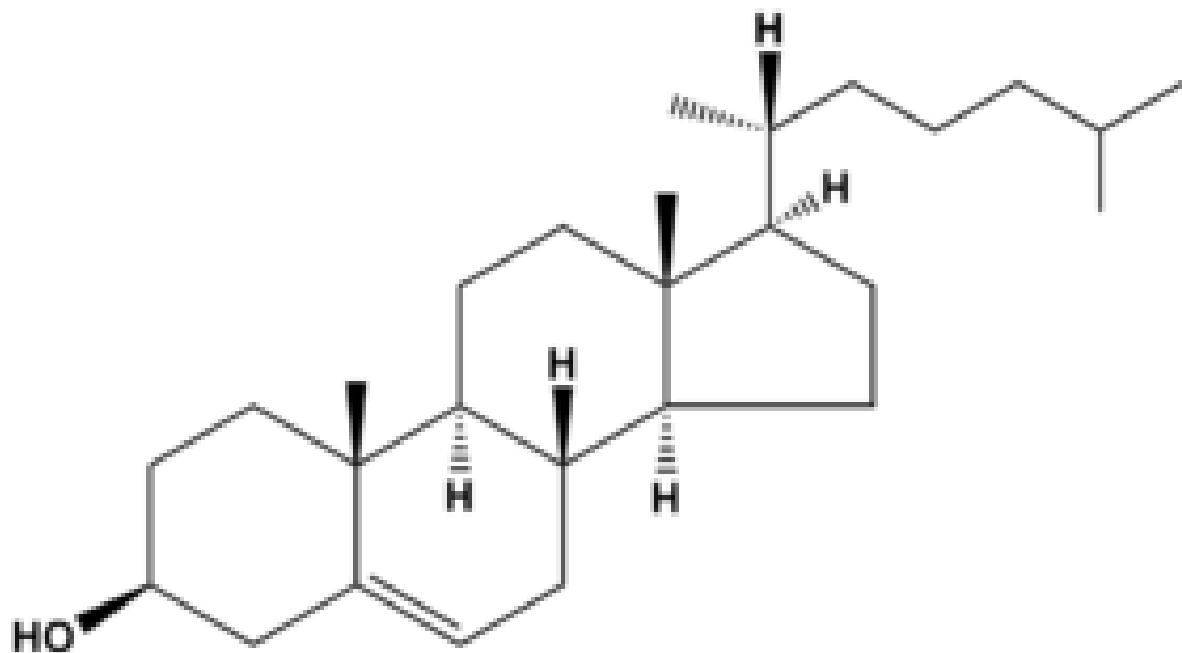
Schopf et al. 2017



# Molecular bio signatures

- Extractible biomarkers?
- Composition of microfossils?

# The biomarker problem



**Cholesterol**

**diagnostic molecules** derived from  
lipids  
preserved for ~1.6 Ga

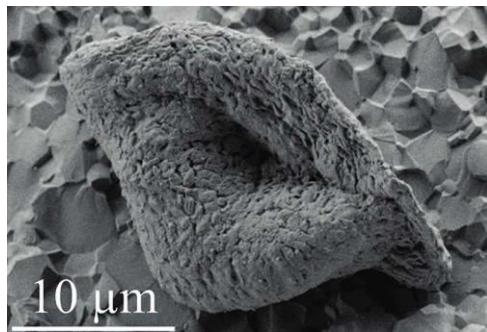
(Brocks et al. 2005)

**Lipid biomarkers in ~2.7 Ga rocks**  
→ re-assessed as contaminants  
(French et al. 2013)

# Functional group composition in 3.4 Ga microfossils

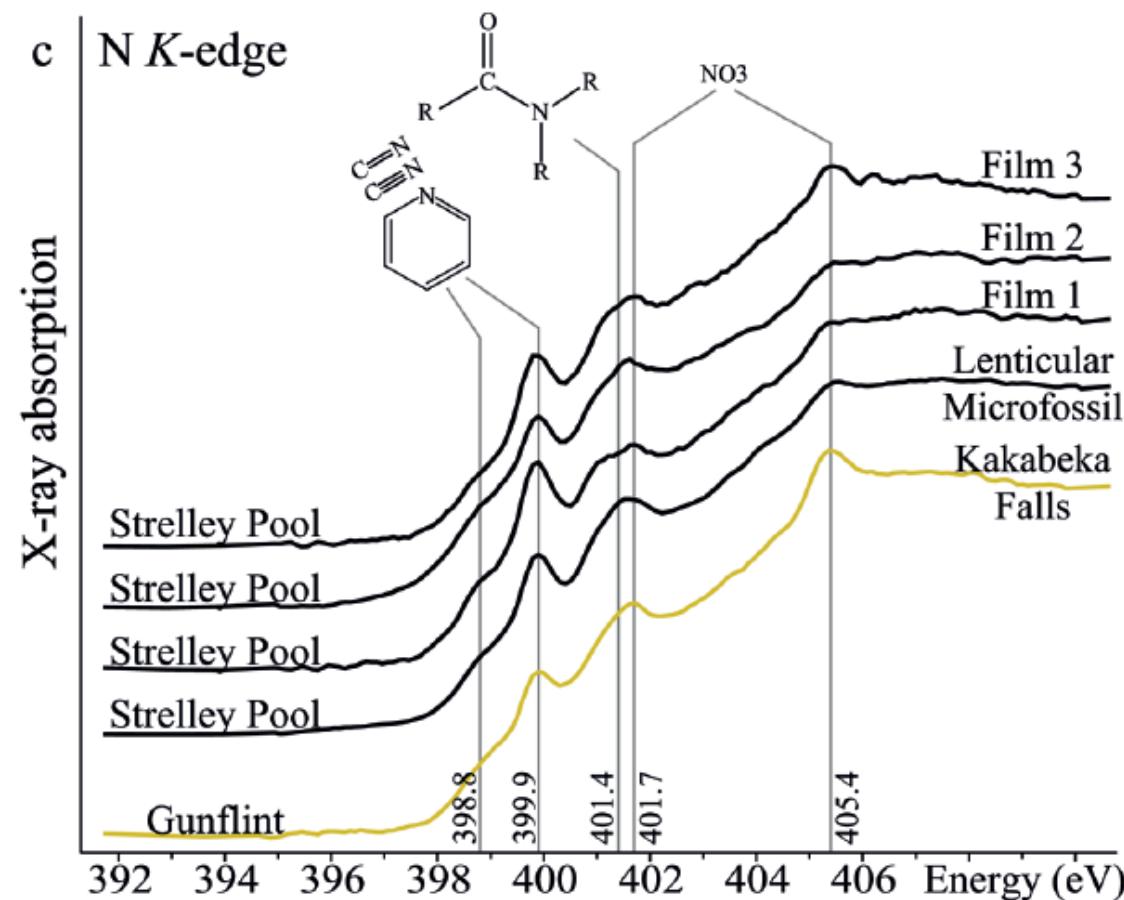
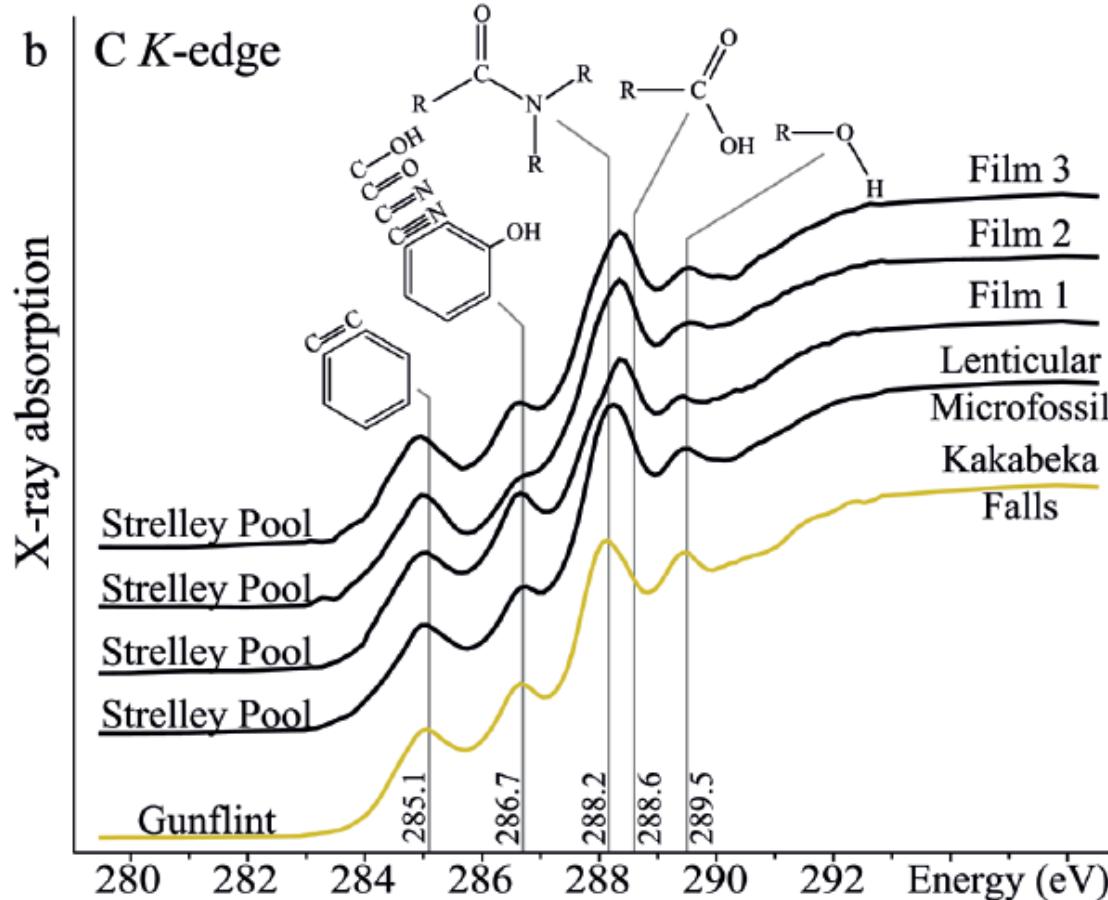
→ similar to  
« reference »  
microfossils,  
1.9 Ga Gunflint

Alléon et al. 2018



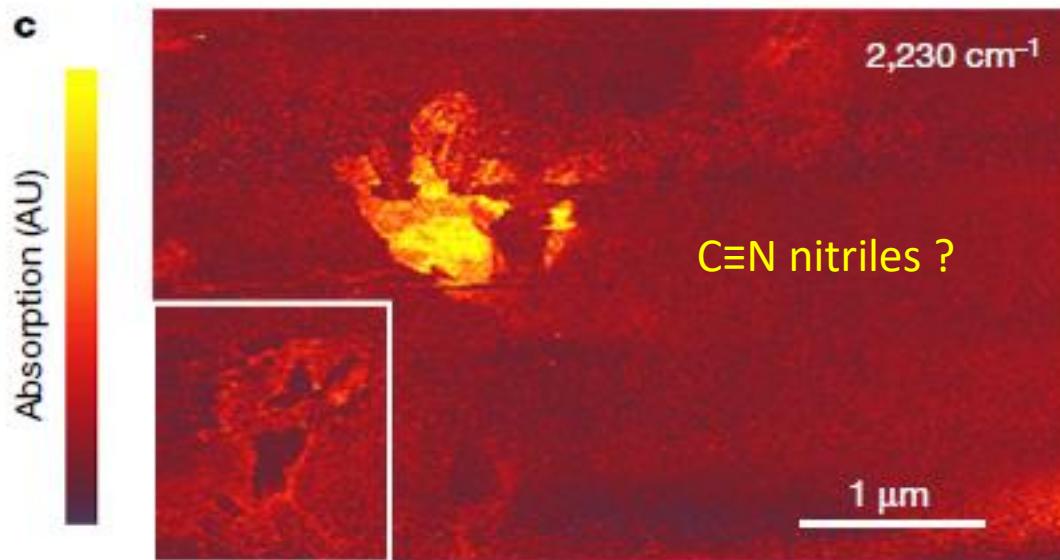
X-ray absorption spectroscopy (XANES)

on carbonaceous structures in fresh fractures



# Eoarchean graphite

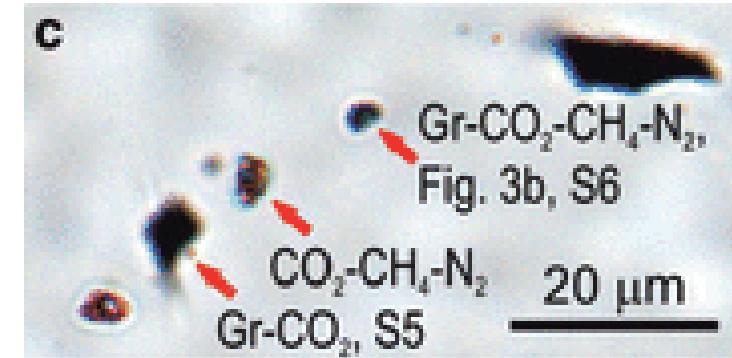
## Isua graphite >3.7 Ga



Hassenkam et al. 2017

AFM-IR  
C≡N nitriles ?  
+C=C and C=O

## Akilia ~3.83 Ga



Lepland et al. 2011

Graphite in fluid inclusion trails with CH<sub>4</sub>+CO<sub>2</sub>

Fluid-deposited during metamorphism

→ Biogenicity?  
→ Age?

$\delta^{13}\text{C}$  values <-20 ‰ in Eoarchean graphite → biogenic?

Tashiro et al. 2017  
Komiya et al. 2017